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Digital Surveillance in Tibet: A Case Study of China Mobile and China Telecom



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ABOUT FNVA

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IMPORTANT NOTE

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NOTE ON GEOGRAPHICAL TERRITORIES OF TIBET

Traditionally, Tibet was comprised of three main regions: U-Tsang, Kham, and Amdo. Following what many consider an unlawful occupation by China, these areas were reorganised into an Autonomous Region, Provinces, Autonomous Prefectures, and Autonomous Counties. In this report, the village names used are based on the original designations found in Chinese sources.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Procurement records analysed in this report reveal a highly integrated surveillance ecosystem operating across the Tibet Autonomous Region and neighbouring Tibetan areas especially Kirti Monastery in Ngawa (Ch:Aba) Tibetan and Qiang Autonomous Prefecture, Sichuan Province. State-owned telecommunications providers, particularly China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd. (中国移动通信集团西藏有限公司) and China Telecom Tibet Branch (中国电信西藏分公司), play a central role in building and maintaining the communications infrastructure that supports CCTV networks, data transmission systems, and integrated monitoring platforms. This surveillance architecture combines conventional policing with advanced technologies, including extensive CCTV systems, AI-enabled command platforms, unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs), and unmanned ground vehicles (UGVs) such as robotic dogs.

Procurement records further demonstrate that surveillance projects rely on close collaboration between Public Security Bureaus (PSBs), state-owned enterprises, and private engineering and technology firms responsible for the procurement, installation, and maintenance of surveillance infrastructure. Particularly noteworthy is the case of Kirti Monastery in Ngawa (Aba), one of the most heavily securitised monasteries in Tibetan regions. Following the 2008 Tibetan protests and the wave of self-immolations in 2011, Chinese authorities established permanent police posts, stationed hundreds of officials within the monastery, and installed extensive CCTV surveillance systems covering the monastery compound and surrounding areas. A surveillance tower dated 19 September 2024 is also documented and included in this paper. In this report procurement records published by the Aba County Public Security Bureau, which has jurisdiction over the area where Kirti Monastery is located, together with publicly available imagery, indicate sustained investment in surveillance infrastructure around this

Procurement records reveal a networked surveillance ecosystem across the Tibetan areas, linking security agencies, telecommunications companies and technology through CCTV, AI-enabled systems and centralized command platforms. Kirti Monastery exemplifies the sustained expansion of this infrastructure.

While China's Personal Information Protection Law (PIPL) provides a legal framework for the protection of personal data, its broad national security exemptions afford authorities considerable discretion in conducting surveillance activities. An overview of China's legal environment illustrates a contradiction between the state's commitment to China's Personal Information Protection Law and other legal clauses such as those invoking national security concerns. The procurement records examined in this report suggest that, in practice, security priorities continue to outweigh privacy protections in Tibetan areas. Many of these systems are integrated through China's "one-screen governance" model, which consolidates CCTV feeds, public security databases, emergency response systems, and other government information into a unified command platform for real-time monitoring and decision-making. Collectively, these findings illustrate how surveillance in Tibet has become deeply institutionalised through a state-corporate network that integrates digital technologies, telecommunications infrastructure, and public security agencies as the data in this report show repeated contracts awarded by Public Security Bureaus and Political and Legal Affairs Commissions to state-owned telecommunications companies and engineering firms, while the growing deployment of AI-enabled and autonomous technologies reflects China's continued expansion of technologically driven governance and security capabilities across the Tibetan Plateau.

1. Introduction

Surveillance refers to the systematic monitoring of individuals, groups, or spaces in order to gather information, often for purposes of security, governance, or control. At its core, surveillance reflects a relationship between power and information—those who control surveillance systems can influence behaviour and maintain authority[1]. According to Cambridge university dictionary, surveillance is defined as 'the careful watching of a person or place, especially by the police or army, because of a crime that has happened or is expected.' Surveillance may be lawful or unlawful under international human rights law, depending on its necessity, proportionality, and legal basis.[2] In the Chinese context, while surveillance practices are extensive, the law—particularly the Personal Information Protection Law—formally recognises and protects the right to personal privacy and information, at least at a theoretical and regulatory level.[3]

China's surveillance architecture in Tibetan areas combines CCTV, AI, biometrics, UAVs and integrated digital systems with physical and community-level monitoring. The report examines how China Mobile and China Telecom provide the telecommunications infrastructure, connectivity and technical support underpinning government surveillance, with particular focus on Kirti Monastery.

Digital surveillance refers to the use of digital technologies to monitor and track individuals, groups, or entities. This can include a wide range of activities, from online tracking and data collection to video monitoring and biometric identification.[4] China is building the world's most advanced AI-driven surveillance state, which increasingly replaces human policing with integrated digital systems (2025).[5] Through massive data collection, AI analysis, and interconnected technologies, the Chinese Communist Party seeks to achieve "one-screen governance,"[6] enabling real-time monitoring and control across society. This system enhances the state's ability to predict, prevent, and suppress dissent by combining surveillance infrastructure with automated decision-making (2025).[7] In Tibet, surveillance operates as a multi-layered system combining several forms. Physical surveillance includes

[1] Author interview with "Dawa" (pseudonym), a recently arrived Tibetan who fled Tibet and previously worked at a branch of the Bank of China in Lhasa, [date]. During the interview, Dawa described what he perceived as a "Stockholm syndrome" among some Tibetans in Lhasa, attributing this phenomenon to prolonged exposure to state propaganda, pervasive surveillance, and sustained political indoctrination.

[2] The Global Expansion of AI Surveillance | Carnegie Endowment for International Peace

[3] 中华人民共和国个人信息保护法 **Personal Information Protection Law of the People's Republic of China_China National Congress.com**

[4] Digital Surveillance: A Comprehensive Overview

[5] Woods, D. AI as a Tool for Surveillance: China's Concave Trilemma. *J OF CHIN POLIT SCI* (2025). https://doi.org/10.1007/s11366-025-09907-8

[6] China has increasingly adopted "one-screen governance" (一屏统管), an integrated digital governance model that consolidates CCTV feeds, public security databases, emergency response systems, geographic information systems (GIS), and other administrative data into a unified command platform. This enables authorities to monitor events in real time, coordinate responses across multiple government agencies, and support AI-assisted decision-making.

[7] Weber, Valentin (2025) China's AI-powered surveillance state. Journal of Democracy, 36 (4). 151 - 160. ISSN 1045-5736

police presence, checkpoints, and identity inspections.[8][9][10] Digital surveillance is widespread, involving monitoring of phone communications, online activities, CCTV monitoring, and the use of state-linked applications.[11] Biometric surveillance complements these systems through the collection and analysis of facial recognition data, fingerprints, iris scans, voiceprints, and, in some cases, DNA samples, enabling authorities to verify identities and strengthen individual tracking (2022).[12][13][14] In addition, social surveillance exists through informant networks and community-level monitoring systems, particularly within monasteries and neighbourhoods.[15]

China has the highest ratio of closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras to citizens in the world – one for every 12 people.[16] Moreover, surveillance devices—whether mobile phones, smartwatches, CCTV cameras, or other interconnected technologies—already far outnumber police officers, paramilitary personnel, and informants who maintain regime security for the CCP leadership (2025).[17] These digital systems function as the eyes and ears of the party-state (2025).[18] China is also known to be the major supplier of AI surveillance technology. Technology linked to Chinese companies are found in at least sixty-three countries worldwide. Huawei alone is responsible for providing AI surveillance technology to at least fifty countries.[19]

This report primarily focuses on the deployment of CCTV (Closed-Circuit Television) surveillance and monitoring systems including unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs) and unmanned ground vehicles (UGVs), supported by Chinese state-owned enterprises such as China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd. (中国移动通信集团西藏有限公司) and China Telecom Tibet Branch (中国电信西藏分公).[20] It seeks to examine the role of China Mobile in the installation of CCTV infrastructures and other surveillance devices in བོད་རང་སྐྱོང་ལྗོངས། Tibet Autonomous Region **西藏自治区**)[21], alongside an involvement of China Telecom in Ngawa County (Ch:Aba) (**阿坝县** ངོ་བ་རྫོང་།) (Aba Tibetan and Qiang Autonomous Prefecture **阿坝藏族羌族自治州** · ངོ་བ་བོད་རིགས་ཆ་བང་རིགས་རང་སྐྱོང་ཁུལ།). Particular attention is

[8] China spending massively on surveillance in Tibet, say scholars - The Hindu
[9] China Conducts Dalai Lama Pictures-raid at Top Monastery Outside Tibet Autonomous Region – Central Tibetan Administration
[10] US biotech firm halts sales of DNA collection kits in Tibet – Radio Free Asia
[11] Report: China Increasing Digital Surveillance of Tibetans
[12] Mass Iris Scan Collection in Qinghai from 2019–2022 - The Citizen Lab
[13] China: New Evidence of Mass DNA Collection in Tibet | Human Rights Watch
[14] Blinken remarks on mass DNA collection in Tibet, Xinjiang spark backlash from China – Radio Free Asia
[15]The Grid Management System (**网格化管理**, *wanggehua guanli*) is a governance framework in China designed to enhance grassroots administration through the use of digital technology and territorial subdivision.
The Fengqiao model is a grassroots surveillance and social control system developed during the Mao era and revived under Xi Jinping. Which is still implement in Tibetan region Fengqiao Experience - China Media Project
[16] Ollier-Malaterre, A. (2023). Living with Digital Surveillance in China: Citizens' Narratives on Technology, Privacy, and Governance (1st ed.). Routledge. https://doi.org/10.4324/9781003403876
[17] Weber, Valentin (2025) China's AI-powered surveillance state. Journal of Democracy, 36 (4). 151 - 160. ISSN 1045-5736
[18] Weber, Valentin (2025) China's AI-powered surveillance state. Journal of Democracy, 36 (4). 151 - 160. ISSN 1045-5736
[19] https://carnegieendowment.org/research/2019/09/the-global-expansion-of-ai-surveillance
[20] Both are world's largest mobile network provider and state-owned enterprises, headquartered in Beijing. It provides nationwide mobile network services and plays a key role in digital infrastructure development, including data transmission, smart surveillance systems, and integrated communications networks across the People's Republic of China.
[21] The selection of Shigatse Prefecture is primarily informed by the availability of data. Shigatse borders Nepal and is home to Tashi Lhunpo Monastery, from where the authors obtained a number of CCTV images for analysis for this report.

devoted to the surveillance architecture surrounding Kirti Monastery[22]. The objective of this report is to examine the role of China's state-owned telecommunications sector in enabling and sustaining digital surveillance activities in Tibetan areas. In particular, the report focuses on China Mobile and China Telecom and examines how their telecommunications infrastructure, data transmission networks, IoT connectivity, CCTV systems, storage facilities, and technical maintenance services are integrated into government-led surveillance and public security projects.

2. China Mobile Tibet Branch: Case Study of Tibet Autonomous Region

China Mobile is the world's largest telecommunications operator by subscriber base and a central pillar of China's digital infrastructure.[23] Founded in 1997 and majority-owned by the Chinese state, it's business primarily covers voice, data, broadband, leased lines, data centers, cloud computing, and the Internet of Things (IoT) for individuals, households, enterprises, and emerging markets.[24] The Tibet branch of China Mobile is known as China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.[25] (Hereafter refer as China Mobile Tibet branch) was established in Tibet on June 9, 2000. It has seven prefecture-level city branches and covers 74 counties.[26] In June 2004, China Mobile Tibet branch was successfully listed on the New York and Hong Kong stock exchanges.[27]

China Mobile is widely recognised as a telecommunications company; however, closer examination reveals an additional dimension. The China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd has been significantly involved in state-led surveillance initiatives, including the supply of CCTV cameras for party-state organ like public security bureau (PSB), dedicated data cables, supplier of IoT sim card for UAVs and data storage infrastructure as the section below will show (Appendix 2 & Appendix 7). China Mobile alignment with central Party directives is evident in remarks made by then Chairman Lobsang Gyaltsen[28] in 2013, underscoring its operation under the guidance of the Party's central leadership. Where he notes

China Mobile has always stood at the height of stressing politics and taking into account the overall situation, resolutely and actively responded to the call of the Party Central Committee, resolutely implemented the central government's work guidelines and policies for aiding Tibet, and gave Tibet strong support.[29]

[22] The selection of Ngawa County (Ch: Aba) is primarily informed by the author's research focus and the access of data. Kirti Monastery has witnessed one of the highest numbers of self-immolations by Tibetan monks across the Tibetan Plateau in protest against Chinese rule. Kirti Monastery is known to be the one of the hotbed of Tibetan resistance against Chinese rule.

[23] China Mobile exceeds 1 billion mobile subscribers in July

[24] https://www.chinamobileltd.com//tc/about/overview.php

[25] https://www.10086.cn/aboutus/culture/intro/province_culture_intro_detail/xz/index.html?id=1

[26] Ibid..

[27] Ibid.. China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd. (中国移动通信集团西藏有限公司) is the Tibet regional subsidiary of China Mobile Communications Group Co., Ltd., China's state-owned telecommunications operator. It is not itself publicly listed; its ultimate listed affiliate is China Mobile Limited (中国移动有限公司), whose ADSs were delisted from the NYSE in 2021 and which is currently listed on the Hong Kong and Shanghai stock exchanges.

[28] Lobsang Gyaltsen is one of the longest-serving Tibetan ethnic CCP cadres, having served as Mayor of Lhasa and currently as Vice Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress.

[29] 共产党员网_中共中央组织部

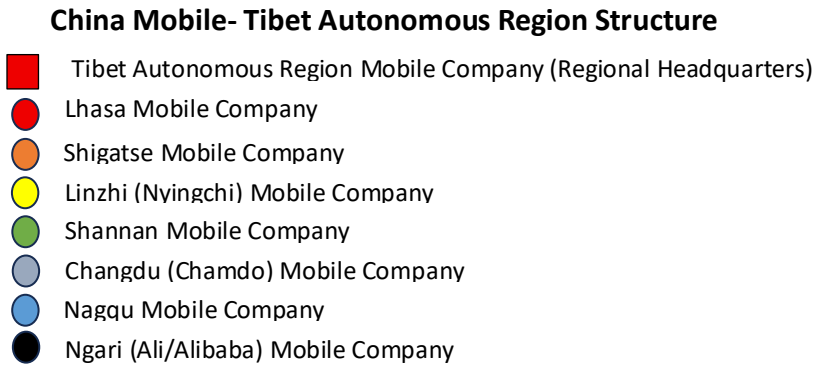


Fig 1 - This chart presents the structure of China Mobile in the Tibet Autonomous Region. Source: Author

The China Mobile Tibet branch in the Tibet Autonomous Region is involved in surveillance activities under two major projects: the Skynet (天网) Project and the Sharp Eyes (雪亮工程) Project. The Sharp Eyes Project is an extension of the Skynet system. The key distinction between these interconnected initiatives lies in their geographical scope.[30] While Skynet primarily focuses on urban centres, key public areas such as airports, railway stations, and major intersections, as well as crime hotspots, the Sharp Eyes Project extends surveillance into villages, rural areas, and urban communities.[31] Sharp Eyes was introduced following a 2015 directive by China's top planning body, the National Development and Reform Commission, which mandated that video surveillance should cover "100 percent" of public spaces and key sectors across China by 2020.[32]

The China Mobile Tibet branch in the Tibet Autonomous Region is involved in surveillance activities under two major projects: the Skynet (天网) Project and the Sharp Eyes (雪亮工程) Project. The Sharp Eyes Project is an extension of the Skynet system. The key distinction between these interconnected initiatives lies in their geographical scope.

3. China Mobile Tibet Branch: Procurement Records in Tibet

On 13 March 2026, the Shigatse Municipal Committee of Political and Legal Affairs awarded a contract worth ¥1,748,278 (approximately US$257,000) for the construction of surveillance equipment and AI-driven monitoring systems targeting civilians in Shigatse Prefecture, with the China Mobile Tibet

[30] China Digital Space - Sharp Eyes Project
[31] https://chinadigitaltimes.net/space/%E9%9B%AA%E4%BA%AE%E5%B7%A5%E7%A8%8B
[32] https://ipvm.com/reports/sharpeyes

branch listed as the supplier.[33] It was under the China 'Sharp Eyes Project'.[34] The level of surveillance capabilities of the cameras under the 'Sharp eyes project' can be measured from the resident of Baiyun district in Guangdong province (pop 1m) claimed:

It's Sharp Eyes cameras could "not only capture the faces of every person entering and leaving the community in real time, but also transmit the face images to the platform for automatic comparison and recognition".[35]

Subsequently, on 17 April 2026, the Lhasa Public Security Bureau Chengguan Branch procured 36 UAVs for police monitoring under the concept of **"无人机+警务"** (drone-assisted policing). While Tibet Yijia Technology Co. Ltd.[36] served as the main contractor, China Mobile appeared in the contract as the provider of IoT SIM cards for these drones.[37] As noted by Tudeng Wangdui, Deputy Director of Fangzhilu Police Station in Bayi District, Nyingchi (TAR):

Drones are utilised for patrols, risk detection, emergency response, and fire prevention, contributing to a comprehensive, technology-driven public security system.[38]

It is highly questionable whether such UAVs are also being used for mass surveillance alongside existing CCTV systems; however, further research is required to assess their operational scope and deployment.



Fig 2 - Police of Bayi District, Nyingchi is monitoring masses through drone
Source- Author

[33] Appendix 1
[34] The "Sharp Eyes Project" is a large scale surveillance system in China, primarily focused on rural areas. It uses county, township, and village-level comprehensive governance centers as command platforms. By integrating village cameras with home televisions and smartphones, it extends surveillance capabilities to private residences, effectively turning citizens into voluntary "eyes" of the state.
[35] https://ipvm.com/reports/sharpeyes
[36] Tibet Yixiang Baijia Engineering Bidding Co., Ltd. was established on December 2, 2021. Its registered address is No. 9, Building 6, Zone A, Darewa Residential Area, Sangzhuzi District, Shigatse City, Tibet Autonomous Region.
[37] Appendix 2
[38] http://linzhi.gov.cn/linzhi/xwzx/202504/2ada9c3fe8c54f53b9ada240fe957604.shtml

On 7th April, 2026 People's Government of Sangzhuzi District, Shigatse Prefecture ordered a data dedicated line for the survillence infrastructure where China Mobile Tibet plays as an supplier of the data dedicated infrastructure like data transmission services and technical support capabilities. Based on such contract, it shows China Tibet mobile is not just the supplier of the hardware related to the CCTV but also data dedicated infrastructure which forms the backbone of 'sharp eyes project' in Tibet Autonomous Region.[39]

In Lhuntse County, Shannan Prefecture, the Public Security Bureau announced the successful bid for the Public Security Video Image Surveillance and Storage Equipment Procurement Project. The procurement agency was Tibet Zhenglong Engineering Project Management Co., Ltd., with the China Mobile Tibet branch identified as the primary supplier.[40] Additionally, the Shannan Public Security Bureau procured data transmission lines worth approximately RMB 2 million from China Mobile Tibet Branch, with Tianhe Guozhi Holding Group Co., Ltd. acting as the procurement agency.[41] It is further evident that the China Mobile Tibet branch supplies a wide range of surveillance-related equipment, extending beyond just CCTV systems.

Moreover, the China Mobile Tibet branch supplied 271 Huawei Mate 70 terminals, along with IoT SIM cards providing 100GB of monthly data, 1,500 voice minutes, and 500M broadband, as well as device encryption cards for a mobile police terminal service project for the Zuogong County Public Security Bureau in Chamdo Prefecture.[42] Earlier studies indicate that China Telecom Digital Intelligence has had business links with the People's Liberation Army.[43] However, procurement records from Cuomei County, including a January 2026 announcement on the Tibet Procurement Network, indicate that China Mobile's Tibet branch maintains business ties with the Public Security Bureau regarding surveillance on gun and ammunition storage building [44]. Under a contract valued at ¥101,120, it supplied a video surveillance system for gun and ammunition cabinets, although detailed specifications and pricing were not publicly revealed.[45]

Chinese surveillance is adapting to the rapid evolution of technology, extending its reach across multiple spheres of society. One such development is the introduction of robotic dogs in policing, primarily deployed for surveillance purposes. While their operational effectiveness in combat remains uncertain, they have been extensively utilised in training exercises across the Tibetan Plateau by the People's Liberation Army.[46] According to procurement records from March 2026, the Chamdo Public Security Bureau (Changdu), under a contract valued at ¥3.29 million, procured robotic dogs supplied by the China Mobile Tibet branch. The procurement process was managed by Tibet Lidu Project Management Co., Ltd., acting as the designated agency.[47] As this was a "Second Round" (二次) indicates this was a re-tendered procurement, suggesting initial bidding may have had issues or

[39] Appendix 3
[40] Appendix 4
[41] http://www.ccgp-xizang.gov.cn/freecms/site/xizang/xzcggg/info/2024/107458.html
[42] Appendix 5
[43] C4ADS Internal Document
[44] PSB is a government office of a province or municipality in China responsible for exercising public security functions, including law enforcement, surveillance, fire prevention, traffic control, immigration control and registration and other matters affecting public security.
[45] Appendix 6
[46] 雪域砺剑！机器狗参与海拔4300多米实训 http://v.people.cn/n1/2025/1220/c431305-40628612.html
[47] Appendix 7

required adjustments. In addition, China employs robotic antelopes for research purposes, particularly in the study of wildlife on the Qinghai–Tibet Plateau.[48]



Fig 3 - Robotic antelopes for research purposes, particularly in the study of wildlife on the Qinghai–Tibet Plateau



Fig 4 - Robotic dogs patrolling alongside Chinese police on Barkhor Street, Lhasa.
Source: Sarkar Tashi.

China Mobile's Tibet branch has reportedly supplied the Big Data Operations Control Centre for the Tibet Autonomous Region in April 2024, with the Department of Economy and Information Technology acting as the procuring authority. Although the contract value and details remain undisclosed, its scale suggests a substantial investment. The centre is designed to centralise and operationalise data relating to residents across the plateau, facilitating monitoring and storage of personal information, including that of individuals deemed suspicious. This development marks a significant expansion of China Mobile's role—from providing telecommunications infrastructure and equipment to supporting core, region-wide data governance systems.[49]

In Gamba County, Shigatse, the Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Gamba County concluded a contract on 30 April for the procurement of video surveillance equipment under the

[48] Feature: Robotic guardian joins Tibetan antelope herd-Xinhua
[49] Appendix 8

"Sharp Eyes Project," valued at ¥1,768,000, with the China Mobile Tibet branch as the supplier. Gamba County is located in the southern part of the Tibet Autonomous Region, bordering Bhutan and lying in close proximity to the India–China frontier. Its position within the Himalayan borderlands lends it strategic significance, particularly in the context of surveillance and security infrastructure deployment.

China Mobile functions as a core telecommunications and technical backbone for Tibet's public-security surveillance system, supporting its deployment, connectivity and long-term maintenance across strategically sensitive locations.

In Lhasa, the Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Lhünzhub County Committee awarded China Mobile Tibet's Lhasa Branch a 25-year transmission link service contract valued at approximately 2.64 million Yuan in July 2025. This long-term contract ensures front-end surveillance camera connectivity for two and a half decades.[1] In Mozhugongka County which also falls under Lhasa, the Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Mozhugongka County Committee awarded two separate contracts to China Mobile: a 1.98 million Yuan data transmission link lease (November 2024)[1]

And a 2.38 million Yuan video surveillance supplementary equipment procurement (April 2025). Together, these three Lhasa contracts demonstrate China Mobile's dominant role in deploying and maintaining the public security surveillance infrastructure across Lhasa City's counties.[50]

Even in the public transport transit points, the Lhasa Railway Station Front Police Station awarded China Mobile a 1.2 million Yuan network maintenance service contract for 2025. The contract (No. 54012825210200000102) was signed on August 6, 2025, with the police station located at No. 4 Ping'an Road, Liuwu New District, Lhasa.[51]

Secondly, the Railway Protection Joint Defense Office of the CPC Tibet Autonomous Region Committee's Political and Legal Affairs Commission awarded China Mobile a 3.485 million Yuan operations and maintenance contract for the multi-section video surveillance system along the Qinghai-Tibet Railway. The winning bidder scored 91.20 out of 100. The procurement agency for this project was Tibet Guowei Engineering Cost Consulting Co., Ltd. , based in Chengguan District in Lhasa.[52] Both contracts have a one-year service term.

This component is not solely directed towards surveillance; rather, it also functions as a mechanism for monitoring ordinary citizens. In practice, such systems had restrict mobility indirectly, as many Tibetans—particularly former political prisoners are unable to access public transport even if they seek to flee the region of Tibet[53]. At the same time, these measures are partly justified in terms of ensuring railway safety and operational security.

[50] Appendix 11
[51] Appendix 12
[52] Appendix 13
[53] Dhondup Wangchen, a Tibetan human rights activist, fled Tibet to San Francisco via a third country after serving six years of imprisonment. His journey notably involved avoiding the use of public transport. Tibetan filmmaker flees China, arrives in United States | South China Morning Post. Namkyi (25yrs old former political prisoner) recently fled Tibet after her

The case study of the China Mobile Tibet branch with an example of thirteen different procurement records demonstrates that the company functions far beyond a conventional telecommunications provider, operating as a critical enabler of the Chinese party-state's surveillance architecture in the Tibet Autonomous Region. Through above procurement records, this report highlights China Mobile's embedded role across multiple layers of surveillance ranging from CCTV deployment and data transmission infrastructure to UAV support, mobile policing systems, and emerging technologies such as robotic dogs.

In sum, China Mobile Tibet branch emerges as a pivotal actor in the operationalisation of China's digital authoritarian governance in Tibet, bridging technological capability with political control in an increasingly data-driven security environment.



Fig 5 - Cisongtang Community (China Mobile Lhasa Branch)
Source- 中新视频

imprisonment passing through treacherous Himalayan mountains for 10 days. Namkyi - The Geneva Summit for Human Rights and Democracy



Fig 6 - Cisongtang Community (China Mobile Lhasa Branch)
Source- 中新视频



Fig 7 - Cisongtang Community Digital Management Platform of China Mobile Company, Lhasa, TAR.
Source- 中新视频

Intermediary Procurement / Project Management Entities

1. Tibet Quan'an Engineering Construction Management Co., Ltd.
2. Honghe Construction Group Co., Ltd.
3. Tibet Chenchuang Engineering Consulting Co., Ltd.
4. Chongqing Xinke Design Co., Ltd.
5. Tibet Zhanji Project Management Co., Ltd.
6. Tibet Guowei Engineering Cost Consulting Co., Ltd.
7. Tibet Yijia Technology Co., Ltd.
8. Tibet Zhenglong Engineering Project Management Co., Ltd.
9. Tianhe Guozhi Holding Group Co., Ltd.
10. Tibet Lidu Project Management Co., Ltd.

4. China telecom: a case study of Ngawa (Ch:Aba) county

In February 26, 2026 Aba County Public Security Bureau contract with China Telecom, covers a 36-month operation and maintenance service for the Skynet project (Phases 1-4) at a total cost of approximately 9.89 million RMB. The scope includes maintaining 1,150 public HD cameras (including facial recognition), platform equipment, servers, office computers, air conditioners, and a backup spare parts inventory.[54]

The contract details specific items within the scope of work for the Skynet project. It includes the replacement of 20 AR panoramic network cameras, with the new units (branded as Zhejiang Dahua, model DH-PSDW81649M-A180-D440-HM-AR) becoming the property of the Aba County Public Security Bureau after installation. The agreement also covers the maintenance of approximately 200 office computers for the Bureau, ensuring their normal daily operation. Finally, the contract provides for necessary spare parts, including five 4MP structured network speed domes (model DH-SD-8A1440-HNF-GA-A1D3E) and five dual 4MP face capture cameras (model DH-IPC-MFW8449XS-ZHL-4E2), both also from Zhejiang Dahua. The total contract price for all items, including these, is noted as 9,887,957.60 RMB.

This contract provides clear evidence that Dahua Technology is supplying CCTV camera systems to the Aba County Public Security Bureau. This is particularly significant given that Ngawa County has long been regarded as a focal point of Tibetan resistance. Of the approximately 160 recorded cases of Tibetan self-immolation since 2009[55], at least 25 individuals (Monks) were affiliated with Kirti

[54] Appendix 14

[55] The record is based on the ICT database with recent on at UN on 2nd July 2026. ICT mourns passing of Tibet activist Lobga Rangzen following first Tibetan self-immolation on US soil, calls for action on Tibet - International Campaign for Tibet Self-immolations - International Campaign for Tibet

Monastery[56], while two nuns were from Mame Dechen Chokorling Nunnery in this region.[57] In this context, the procurement of advanced surveillance infrastructure underscores the intensification of state monitoring in politically sensitive regions.

Most significantly the Dahua model DH-PSDW81649M-A180 is a multi-sensor panoramic PTZ camera which features four 4MP sensors for a seamless 180° view and a 40x optical zoom PTZ for details. Key AI analytics include perimeter protection, crowd/vehicle density mapping, face recognition, and video metadata extraction. It supports AR tag overlays, smart tracking, and operates effectively in low light with WDR.[58] It was seen in Kirti Monastery given below in picture.



Fig 8 - Dahua model DH-PSDW81649M-A180 Source - Dahua Technology Website

[56] Kirti Monastery holds a significant socio-political position in Ngawa County and functions as a principal monastic institution in the region; Kirti Rinpoche currently resides in Dharamshala following exile due to Chinese state repression. Ngawa County is situated within the modern day Ngawa (Ch; Aba) Qiang and Tibetan Autonomous Prefecture of Sichuan Province.

[57] Self-immolations - International Campaign for Tibet

[58] https://material.dahuasecurity.com/uploads/cpq/prm-os-srv-res/smart/datasheetzipfiles/PSDW81642M-A180-D440-S3_S3_datasheet_20230918.pdf

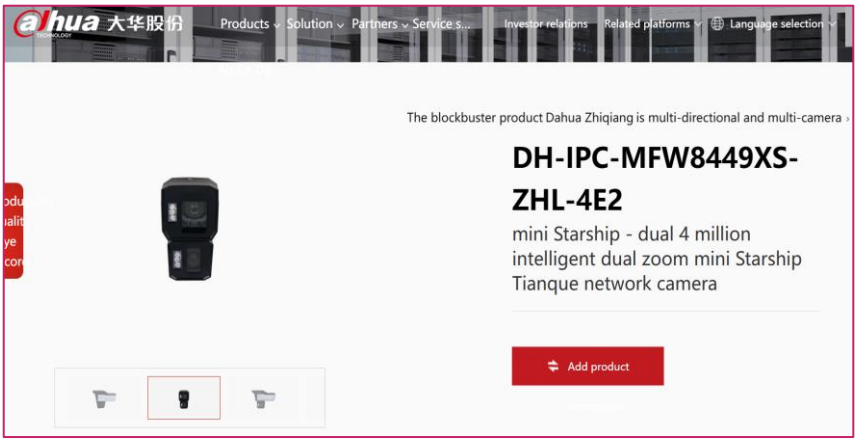


Fig 9 - Model DH-IPC-MFW8449XS-ZHL-4E2 Source- Dahua Technology Website

4.1 Pictures related to the CCTV installation in the Kirti Monastery premises of Ngawa (Ch:Aba) County



Fig 10 - During an annual ritual ceremony at Kirti Monastery in 2026, a CCTV camera observed on-site appears similar in colour and structural design to the DH-PSDW81649M-A180 referenced in the contract between the Aba County Public Security Bureau and China Telecom Aba Branch. Source Author.



Fig 12 - A CCTV camera installed along Putijietuo Road (Tib. ཐུབ་ཅེན་ཁར་ལམ།; Ch. 菩提解脱路), leading towards Main Kirti Monastery. Source: Author.



Fig 11 - A watchtower installed above Kirti Monastery is equipped with more than five CCTV cameras, enabling comprehensive monitoring of the monastery, including the private residential quarters of monks. There is one more such tower inside the main monastery apart from this. Source: Author.[1] Dated- 19th Sept 2024.

5. Table 1 Surveillance Technologies, Procurement Evidence and Capabilities

NO	SUREILLANCE TECHNOLOGY/SYSTEM	DEPLOYMENT	PROCUREMENT/EVIDENCE	KEY CAPABILITY
1	CCTV / Video Surveillance	Shigatse, Shannan, Lhasa and other areas of TAR	Multiple PSB and Political-Legal Affairs Committee procurement records	Continuous monitoring of public spaces and sensitive locations
2	AI-enabled Facial Recognition	Shigatse and other TAR surveillance networks	¥1.748 million Sharp Eyes project, 2026; AI facial-recognition and behavioural-analysis capabilities documented	Facial identification, behavioural analysis and automated monitoring
3.	Skynet (天网工程)	Urban centres, transport hubs and public-security locations; also Ngawa/Aba	Aba County Skynet Phases 1–4; multiple TAR contracts	Networked CCTV surveillance and centralised video monitoring
4	Sharp Eyes (雪亮工程)	Rural and community areas, including Shigatse and Gamba	Multiple procurement contracts, including ¥3.79 million data-line project in Sangzhuzi	Extends surveillance into villages and communities through networked cameras and data infrastructure
5	Dahua Panoramic / PTZ Cameras	Kirti Monastery and surrounding areas, Ngawa (Aba)	Aba PSB–China Telecom contract; specified DH-PSDW81649M-A180 camera	180° panoramic coverage, 40× optical zoom, smart tracking and AI analytics
6	UAVs / Police Drones	Lhasa and Nyingchi, TAR	Lhasa PSB procurement of **36 UAVs**; China Mobile supplied IoT SIM cards	Aerial patrol, monitoring, risk detection, emergency response and fire prevention
7	Mobile Police Terminals	Zuogong County, Chamdo	¥2.907 million procurement involving **271 Huawei Mate 70 terminals**, IoT SIMs and encryption cards	Mobile policing, secure communications and networked field operations
8	Robotic Dogs / UGVs	Chamdo (Changdu)	¥3.29 million PSB procurement, 2026	Unmanned ground surveillance and mobile security operations
9	Big Data Operations Control Centre	Tibet Autonomous Region	2024 contract; China Mobile involved; contract value undisclosed	Centralised processing, management and analysis of large-scale regional data
10	Dedicated Data & Surveillance Transmission Networks	Shigatse, Shannan, Lhasa and other TAR locations; Qinghai–Tibet Railway	Multiple contracts, including ¥3.79m Sangzhuzi data lines and ¥3.485m Qinghai–Tibet Railway surveillance O&M	Provides the communications backbone connecting cameras, monitoring platforms and security systems

Conclusion

This report has demonstrated that digital surveillance in Tibet is not a fragmented or ad hoc phenomenon, but a deeply integrated system shaped by state priorities, corporate participation, and technological expansion. Through the case studies of China Mobile and China Telecom, it becomes clear that telecommunications infrastructure serves a dual function: enabling connectivity while simultaneously facilitating pervasive monitoring and control. Procurement records, local testimonies, and infrastructure analysis collectively reveal how surveillance is embedded within everyday governance, extending from urban centres to monasteries and remote regions. The disclosed procurement records reviewed in this report amount to ¥28,838,352.57 for China Mobile and ¥9,887,957.60 for China Telecom, giving a combined total of ¥38,726,310.17 (approximately ¥38.73 million).

Additionally, these findings also point to several areas where greater documentation, accountability, and international attention are warranted.

- First, given the documented involvement of China Mobile in supporting UAV-based policing through IoT SIM cards, as well as its procurement of robotic dogs and surveillance infrastructure, the Central Tibetan Administration should systematically document and publicise the deployment of these technologies and the wider surveillance networks involving Chinese telecommunications companies in Tibetan areas.
- Second, the evidence of sustained corporate involvement in surveillance infrastructure—including China Telecom's maintenance of the Skynet system around Kirti Monastery and China Mobile's role in CCTV, data transmission, UAV support, and mobile policing—underscores the need for governments in democratic countries to consider targeted sanctions, technology and export controls, and independent investigations into corporate participation in surveillance systems.
- Third, given the increasingly integrated nature of digital monitoring, including dedicated data networks, mobile police terminals, and centralised data-management systems, greater digital-security training and awareness among Tibetans should be supported to strengthen individual and community resilience against digital surveillance.

For Indian policymakers

- There is a need to strengthen monitoring and assessment of Chinese digital surveillance and telecommunications infrastructure in Tibetan areas, particularly in regions adjacent to India's Himalayan frontier. The documented integration of CCTV networks, dedicated data lines, UAVs, and AI-enabled monitoring systems highlights the importance of systematically assessing their potential security implications for India. Greater scrutiny should be given to the security risks associated with Chinese telecommunications and surveillance technologies, particularly where such technologies are linked to state security agencies. India could strengthen technology-security safeguards, supply-chain assessments, and coordination with like-minded partners to monitor the involvement of Chinese technology companies in surveillance-related infrastructure. Finally, the evidence of sustained investment and cooperation between public security agencies, state-owned telecommunications companies, and technology firms suggests a need for greater international coordination and scrutiny of Chinese technology companies involved in surveillance-related infrastructure.

Table 2 China Mobile Tibet Branch Involvement in the Chinese Party-State Surveillance and monitoring system through multifaceted pathways.

CONTRACT NAME	CONTRACT NUMBER	BUYER	CONTRACT VALUE	CONTRACT DETAILS
日喀则市"雪亮工程"市级平台运维项目中标（成交）结果公告	GZFCG2026-31635	Shigatse Municipal Committee of Political and Legal Affairs	¥1,748,278.57 (USD 256,472 Approx.)	For the construction of comprehensive surveillance architecture integrating AI-driven facial recognition, behavioural analytics, and large-scale data storage
拉萨市公安局城关分局建设智慧无人机机场及立体防控圈（二期）项目（二次）中标公告	GZFCG2026-32234	Lhasa Public Security Bureau Chengguan Branch	¥196,200 (China Mobile IoT Sim Card) (USD 28,782 Approx.) Total Project Cost- ¥5,277,984	Development of an aerial monitoring system using 36 unmanned aerial vehicles UAV, with specific involvement from China Mobile through the provision of IoT SIM cards for UAV.[59]
桑珠孜区2026年"雪亮工程"数据专线供应商项目合同公示	GZFCG2026-31393	People's Government of Sangzhuzi District, Shigatse Prefecture	¥ 3,790,000	This tender reveals the importance of data infrastructure procurement, which forms the backbone of surveillance systems under the 'Sharp Eyes Project' in Tibet.
隆子县公安局2025年度公共安全视频图像监控存储设备采购项目中标（成交）结果公告	XZZL-LZ-2025091101	Longzi County Public Security Bureau	¥ 531,150 (Winning bid price)	It is on the procurement of 2025 Public Security Video Image Surveillance and Storage Equipment Procurement Project of Longzi County Public Security Bureau, Shannan Prefecture.
左贡县公安局配备新一代移动警务终端配套服务项目中标（成交）结果公告	GZFCG2025-29924	Zuogong County Public Security Bureau	¥ 2,907,288	Under a three-year contract valued at 2,907,288 Yuan, China Mobile Tibet supplies Zuogong County Public Security Bureau with 271 Huawei Mate 70 terminals, IoT SIM cards providing 100GB monthly data, 1,500 voice minutes, 500M broadband, plus device encryption cards.
措美县公安局枪弹柜采购视频监控系统项目	CMXJ-2601	Cuomei County Public Security Bureau	¥ 101,120.00	Under a contract valued at 101,120 Yuan, China Mobile Tibet supplies Cuomei County Public Security Bureau with gun and a video surveillance system. Specifications, quantities, and unit prices are detailed in the bidding documents but not publicly summarized.

[59] Although the project concerns the "Construction of a Smart Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Airport and Three-Dimensional Prevention and Control Network" (Phase II) by the Lhasa Public Security Bureau Chengguan Branch, the contract document (Item 8) clearly identifies China Mobile as the supplier of 36 IoT SIM cards for the UAVs, each priced at ¥5,450. (Look Appendix 2 for reference.)

CONTRACT NAME	CONTRACT NUMBER	BUYER	CONTRACT VALUE	CONTRACT DETAILS
昌都市公安局采购机器狗（二次）中标（成交）结果公告	GZFCG2026-31686	Changdu City Public Security Bureau	¥3,290,000	Purchase of robotic dogs (**四足机器人** / quadruped robots) advanced unmanned ground vehicles (UGVs). Albeit document is not available publicly.
山南市公安局专线线路租赁费采购项目（五次）**成交**结果公告	GZFCG2024-20458	Shannan City Public Security Bureau	¥2,818,960	The use of this project is to pay China Mobile for the dedicated, secure network lines that form the backbone of the Shannan City police's communications, video surveillance, and data systems.
自治区大数据运营控制中心服务项目合同公示	GZFCG2024-18430	Department of Economy and Information Technology of Tibet Autonomous Region	Undisclosed	Big Data Operations Control Center – a centralized facility for managing, processing, and analyzing large-scale data from across the autonomous region. Contract publicly noticed on April 23, 2024
岗巴县"**雪亮工程**"视频监控前端补点（设备采购）项目合同公告	GZFCG2025-25259	Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Gamba County Committee	¥ 1,768,000	Project is based on the supplement of equipment based on the "Sharp eyes project in Gamba County, Shigatse.
林周县雪亮工程25**年前端**监控点位传输链路服务项目（二次）中标（成交）结果公告	GZFCG2025-27594	Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Lhünzhub County Committee, Lhasa	¥ 2,639,196	Supplement of video surveillance transmission link service project under the Skynet project. Though complete contract document is not publicly available.
墨竹工卡县"**雪亮工程**"**数据**传输链路租赁项目中标结果公告	GZFCG2024-23279	Meldro Gungkar County Political and Legal Affairs Committee, Lhasa	¥ 1,979,160	Data Transmission Link Leasing Project for the "Skynet Project" in Meldro Gungkar County and complete contract document is not publicly available.
中共墨竹工卡县委员会政法委员会雪亮视频监控增补采购项目成交结果公告	GZFCG2025-25664	Meldro Gungkar County Political and Legal Affairs Committee, Lhasa	¥ 2,384,000	Supplementary Procurement Project for Xueliang Video Surveillance System of the Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Meldro Gungkar County Committee.[60]
阿坝县公安局天网一至四期运维服务	N5132312025000180/ SCABA2600311CGN00	Aba County Public Security Bureau	¥ 9,887,957	This project is a 36-month operation and maintenance contract for the Aba County Public Security Bureau's Skynet system (Phases 1-4).

60 The Xeuliang (Sharp Eyes) Surveillance Project, first piloted in 2013 and officially announced in 2015, aimed to achieve 100% coverage of all public spaces by 2020. It is likely that this target is close to completion, but having no blind spots is highly unlikely. The Xeuliang Project: China's Surveillance Programme - Grey Dynamics

Appendices 1

Data related to the construction of surveillance infrastructure by Shigatse municipal committee of Political and legal affairs under the 'SkyNet' or 'Sharp Eye Project'.



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首页 (/freecms/site/xizang/index.html) 政策法规 (/freecms/site/xizang/xzzcfg/index.html) 采购动态 (/freecms/site/xizang/xzcgdt/inde›

采购公告 (/freecms/site/xizang/xzcggg/index.html) 办事指南 (/freecms/site/xizang/xzbszn/index.html)

代理机构简介 (/freecms/site/xizang/dljgjj/index.html)

当前位置:首页 (/freecms/site/xizang//index.html) > 采购公告 (/freecms/site/xizang/xzcggg/index.html)

日喀则市"雪亮工程"市级平台运维项目中标（成交）结果公 告

项目编号: 作者: 财政 发布时间: 2026-03-12 16:28:51

日喀则市”雪亮工程“市级平台运维项目中标（成交）结果公

告

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GZFCG2026-31635

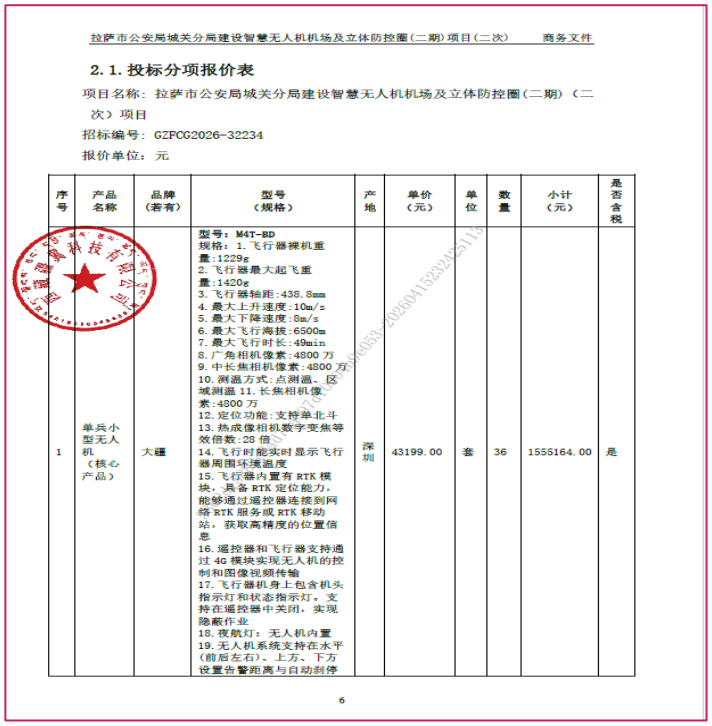
二、项目名称：

日喀则市”雪亮工程“市级平台运维项目

三、中标（成交）信息

Appendix 2

Data related to the 36 UAVS with the specific supplement of 36 IoT sim cards China Mobile with 300 GB. 2026-04-17



拉萨市公安局城关分局建设智慧无人机机场及立体防控圈(二期)项目(二次)　　商务文件

2.1. 投标分项报价表

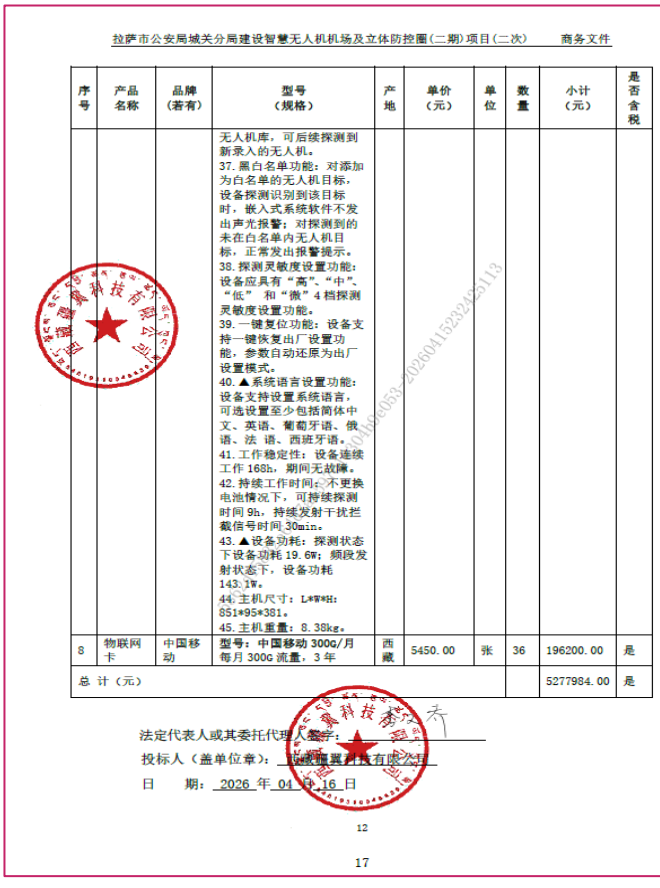
项目名称：拉萨市公安局城关分局建设智慧无人机机场及立体防控圈(二期)（二次）项目

招标编号：GZFCG2026-32234

报价单位：元

序号	产品名称	品牌（若有）	型号（规格）	产地	单价（元）	单位	数量	小计（元）	是否含税
1	单兵小型无人机（核心产品）	大疆	型号：M4T-BD 规格：1.飞行器裸机重量:1229g 2.飞行器最大起飞重量:1420g 3.飞行器轴距:438.8mm 4.最大上升速度:10m/s 5.最大下降速度:8m/s 6.最大飞行海拔:6500m 7.最大飞行时长:49min 8.广角相机像素:4800 万 9.中长焦相机像素:4800 万 10.测温方式:点测温、区域测温 11.长焦相机像素:4800 万 12.定位功能:支持单北斗 13.热成像相机数字变焦等效倍数:28 倍 14.飞行时能实时显示飞行器周围环境温度 15.飞行器内置有 RTK 模块，具备 RTK 定位能力，能够通过遥控器连接到网络 RTK 服务或 RTK 移动站，获取高精度的位置信息 16.遥控器和飞行器支持通过 4G 模块实现无人机的控制和图像视频传输 17.飞行器机身上包含机头指示灯和状态指示灯，支持在遥控器中关闭，实现隐蔽作业 18.夜航灯：无人机内置 19.无人机系统支持在水平（前后左右）、上方、下方设置告警距离与自动刹停	深圳	43199.00	套	36	1555164.00	是

6



拉萨市公安局城关分局建设智慧无人机机场及立体防控圈(二期)项目(二次)　　商务文件

序号	产品名称	品牌（若有）	型号（规格）	产地	单价（元）	单位	数量	小计（元）	是否含税
			无人机库，可后续探测到新录入的无人机。 37.黑白名单功能：对添加为白名单的无人机目标，设备探测识别到该目标时，嵌入式系统软件不发出声光报警；对探测到的未在白名单内无人机目标，正常发出报警提示。 38.探测灵敏度设置功能：设备应具有“高”、“中”、“低” 和“微”4 档探测灵敏度设置功能。 39.一键复位功能：设备支持一键恢复出厂设置功能，参数自动还原为出厂设置模式。 40.▲系统语言设置功能：设备支持设置系统语言，可选设置至少包括简体中文、英语、葡萄牙语、俄语、法 语、西班牙语。 41.工作稳定性：设备连续工作 168h，期间无故障。 42.持续工作时间：不更换电池情况下，可持续探测时间 9h，持续发射干扰拦截信号时间 30min。 43.▲设备功耗：探测状态下设备功耗 19.6W；频段发射状态下，设备功耗 143.1W。 44.主机尺寸：L*W*H：851*95*381。 45.主机重量：8.38kg。						
8	物联网卡	中国移动	型号：中国移动 300G/月 每月 300G 流量，3 年	西藏	5450.00	张	36	196200.00	是
总 计（元）								5277984.00	是

法定代表人或其委托代理人签字：

投标人（盖单位章）：

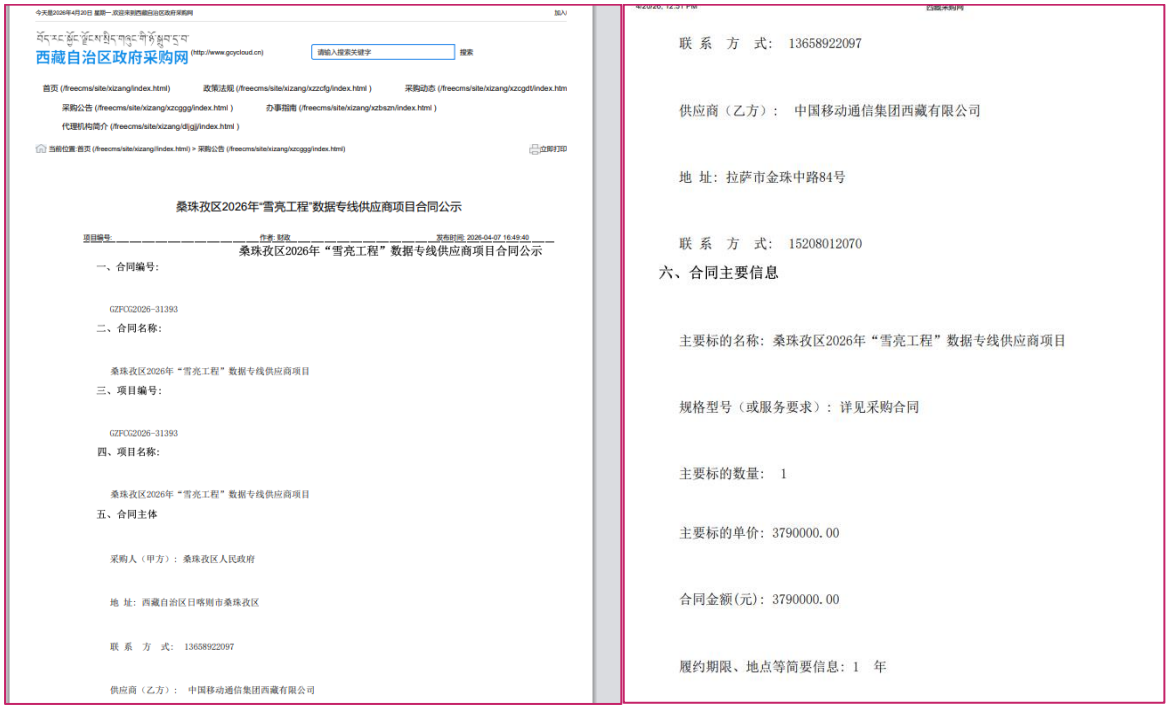
日　　期：2026 年 04 月 16 日

12

17

Appendix 3

Public Notice of Contract for Data Dedicated Line Supplier Project of "Sharp Eye Project" in Sangzhuzi District in 2026



西藏自治区政府采购网 (http://www.gcycloud.cn)

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采购公告 (/freecms/site/xizang/xzcggg/index.html) 办事指南 (/freecms/site/xizang/xzbszn/index.html)
代理机构简介 (/freecms/site/xizang/dljgjj/index.html)

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桑珠孜区2026年"雪亮工程"数据专线供应商项目合同公示

项目编号: 作者: 财政 发布时间: 2026-04-07 16:49:40

桑珠孜区2026年“雪亮工程”数据专线供应商项目合同公示

一、合同编号：

GZFCG2026-31393

二、合同名称：

桑珠孜区2026年“雪亮工程”数据专线供应商项目

三、项目编号：

GZFCG2026-31393

四、项目名称：

桑珠孜区2026年“雪亮工程”数据专线供应商项目

五、合同主体

采购人（甲方）：桑珠孜区人民政府

地 址：西藏自治区日喀则市桑珠孜区

联 系 方 式：13658922097

供应商（乙方）： 中国移动通信集团西藏有限公司

联 系 方 式： 13658922097

供应商（乙方）： 中国移动通信集团西藏有限公司

地 址：拉萨市金珠中路84号

联 系 方 式： 15208012070

六、合同主要信息

主要标的名称：桑珠孜区2026年“雪亮工程”数据专线供应商项目

规格型号（或服务要求）：详见采购合同

主要标的数量： 1

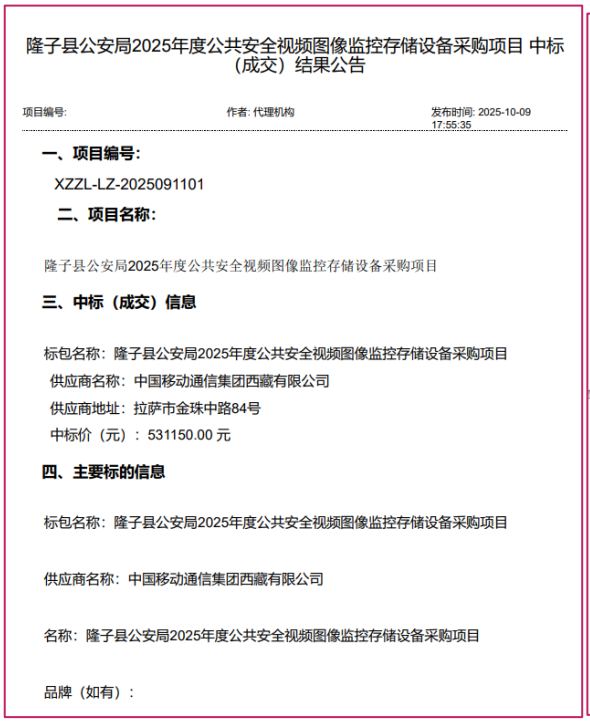
主要标的单价：3790000.00

合同金额(元)：3790000.00

履约期限、地点等简要信息：1 年

Appendix 4

Announcement of the Successful Bid (Transaction) for the 2025 Public Security Video Image Surveillance and Storage Equipment Procurement Project of Longzi County Public Security Bureau



隆子县公安局2025年度公共安全视频图像监控存储设备采购项目 中标（成交）结果公告

项目编号: 作者: 代理机构 发布时间: 2025-10-09 17:55:35

一、项目编号:

XZZL-LZ-2025091101

二、项目名称:

隆子县公安局2025年度公共安全视频图像监控存储设备采购项目

三、中标（成交）信息

标包名称：隆子县公安局2025年度公共安全视频图像监控存储设备采购项目
供应商名称：中国移动通信集团西藏有限公司
供应商地址：拉萨市金珠中路84号
中标价（元）：531150.00 元

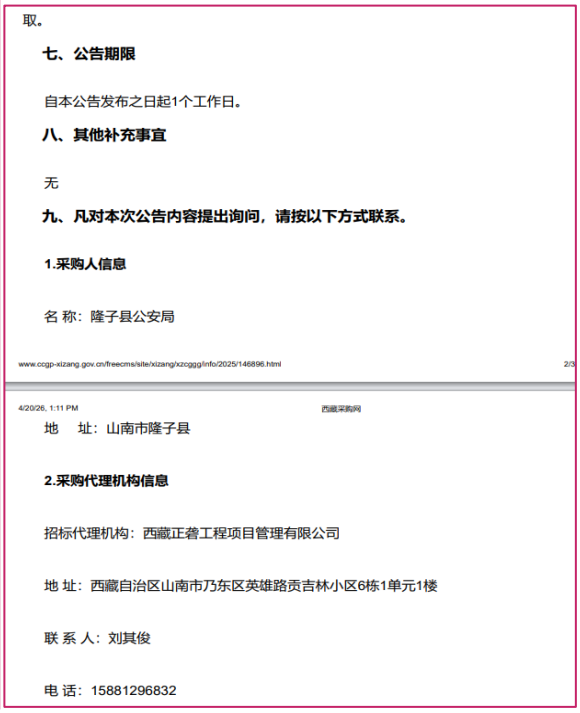
四、主要标的信息

标包名称：隆子县公安局2025年度公共安全视频图像监控存储设备采购项目

供应商名称：中国移动通信集团西藏有限公司

名称：隆子县公安局2025年度公共安全视频图像监控存储设备采购项目

品牌（如有）：



取。

七、公告期限

自本公告发布之日起1个工作日。

八、其他补充事宜

无

九、凡对本次公告内容提出询问，请按以下方式联系。

1.采购人信息

名 称：隆子县公安局

www.ccgp-xizang.gov.cn/freecms/site/xizang/xzcggg/info/2025/146896.html 2/3

4/20/26, 1:11 PM 西藏采购网

地 址：山南市隆子县

2.采购代理机构信息

招标代理机构：西藏正睿工程项目管理有限公司

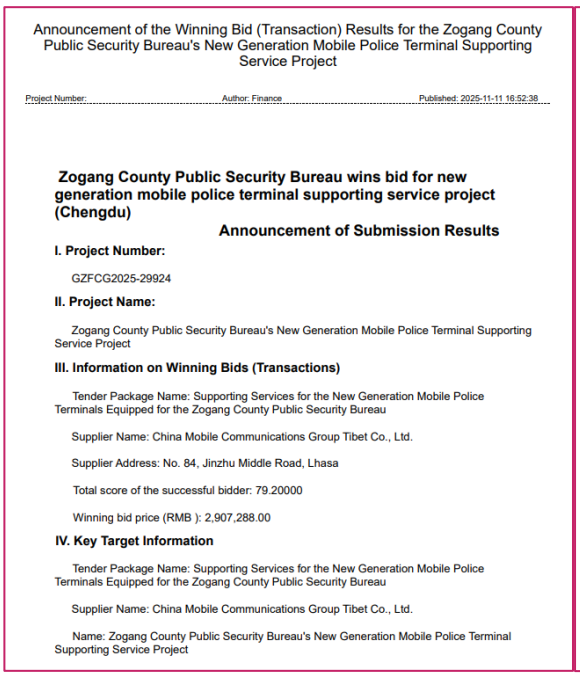
地 址：西藏自治区山南市乃东区英雄路贡吉林小区6栋1单元1楼

联 系 人：刘其俊

电 话：15881296832

Appendix 5

Announcement of the Winning Bid (Transaction) Results for the Zogang County Public Security Bureau's New Generation Mobile Police Terminal Supporting Service Project



Announcement of the Winning Bid (Transaction) Results for the Zogang County Public Security Bureau's New Generation Mobile Police Terminal Supporting Service Project

Project Number: Author: Finance Published: 2025-11-11 16:52:38

Zogang County Public Security Bureau wins bid for new generation mobile police terminal supporting service project (Chengdu)

Announcement of Submission Results

I. Project Number:

GZFCG2025-29924

II. Project Name:

Zogang County Public Security Bureau's New Generation Mobile Police Terminal Supporting Service Project

III. Information on Winning Bids (Transactions)

Tender Package Name: Supporting Services for the New Generation Mobile Police Terminals Equipped for the Zogang County Public Security Bureau

Supplier Name: China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.

Supplier Address: No. 84, Jinzhu Middle Road, Lhasa

Total score of the successful bidder: 79.20000

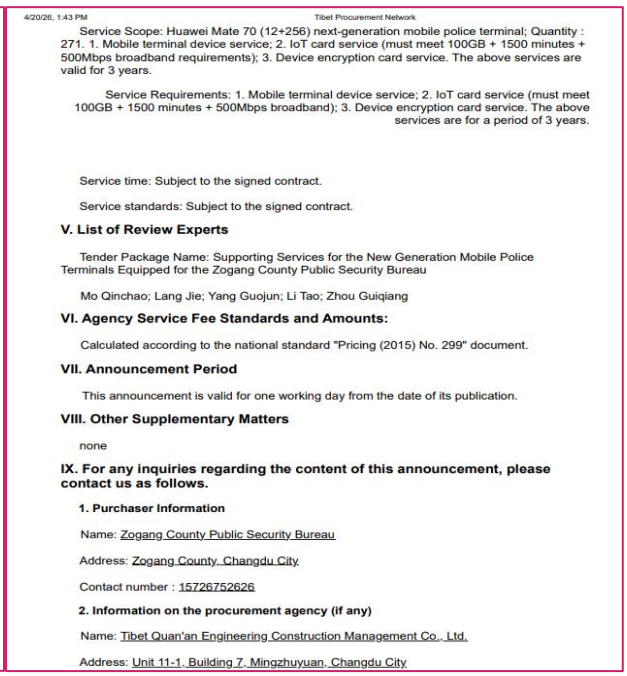
Winning bid price (RMB): 2,907,288.00

IV. Key Target Information

Tender Package Name: Supporting Services for the New Generation Mobile Police Terminals Equipped for the Zogang County Public Security Bureau

Supplier Name: China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.

Name: Zogang County Public Security Bureau's New Generation Mobile Police Terminal Supporting Service Project



4/20/26, 1:43 PM Tibet Procurement Network

Service Scope: Huawei Mate 70 (12+256) next-generation mobile police terminal; Quantity : 271. 1. Mobile terminal device service; 2. IoT card service (must meet 100GB + 1500 minutes + 500Mbps broadband requirements); 3. Device encryption card service. The above services are valid for 3 years.

Service Requirements: 1. Mobile terminal device service; 2. IoT card service (must meet 100GB + 1500 minutes + 500Mbps broadband); 3. Device encryption card service. The above services are for a period of 3 years.

Service time: Subject to the signed contract.

Service standards: Subject to the signed contract.

V. List of Review Experts

Tender Package Name: Supporting Services for the New Generation Mobile Police Terminals Equipped for the Zogang County Public Security Bureau

Mo Qinchao; Lang Jie; Yang Guojun; Li Tao; Zhou Guiqiang

VI. Agency Service Fee Standards and Amounts:

Calculated according to the national standard "Pricing (2015) No. 299" document.

VII. Announcement Period

This announcement is valid for one working day from the date of its publication.

VIII. Other Supplementary Matters

none

IX. For any inquiries regarding the content of this announcement, please contact us as follows.

1. Purchaser Information

Name: Zogang County Public Security Bureau

Address: Zogang County, Changdu City

Contact number : 15726752626

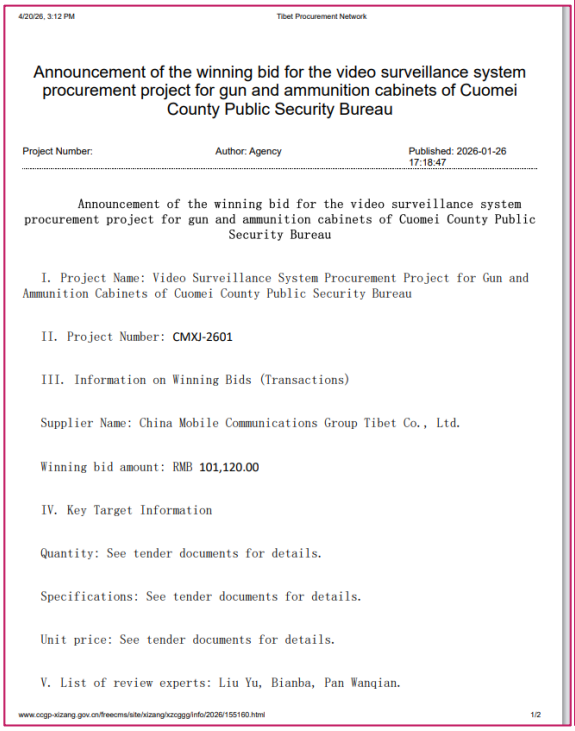
2. Information on the procurement agency (if any)

Name: Tibet Quan'an Engineering Construction Management Co., Ltd.

Address: Unit 11-1, Building 7, Mingzhuyuan, Changdu City

Appendix 6

Announcement of the winning bid for the video surveillance system procurement project for gun and ammunition cabinets of Cuomei County Public Security Bureau



4/20/26, 3:12 PM Tibet Procurement Network

Announcement of the winning bid for the video surveillance system procurement project for gun and ammunition cabinets of Cuomei County Public Security Bureau

Project Number: Author: Agency Published: 2026-01-26 17:18:47

Announcement of the winning bid for the video surveillance system procurement project for gun and ammunition cabinets of Cuomei County Public Security Bureau

I. Project Name: Video Surveillance System Procurement Project for Gun and Ammunition Cabinets of Cuomei County Public Security Bureau

II. Project Number: CMXJ-2601

III. Information on Winning Bids (Transactions)

Supplier Name: China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.

Winning bid amount: RMB 101,120.00

IV. Key Target Information

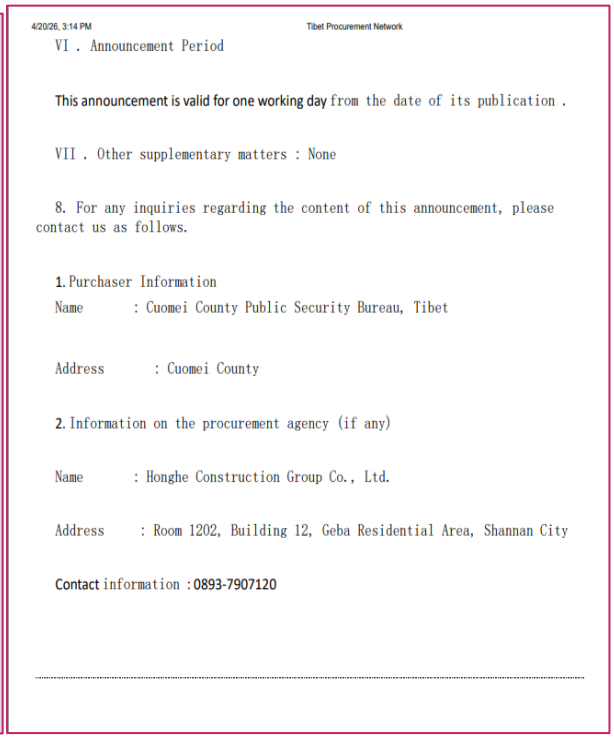
Quantity: See tender documents for details.

Specifications: See tender documents for details.

Unit price: See tender documents for details.

V. List of review experts: Liu Yu, Bianba, Pan Wanqian.

www.cgp-xizang.gov.cn/freecms/site/xizang/xzcggg/info/2026/155160.html 1/2



4/20/26, 3:14 PM Tibet Procurement Network

VI . Announcement Period

This announcement is valid for one working day from the date of its publication .

VII . Other supplementary matters : None

8. For any inquiries regarding the content of this announcement, please contact us as follows.

1. Purchaser Information

Name : Cuomei County Public Security Bureau, Tibet

Address : Cuomei County

2. Information on the procurement agency (if any)

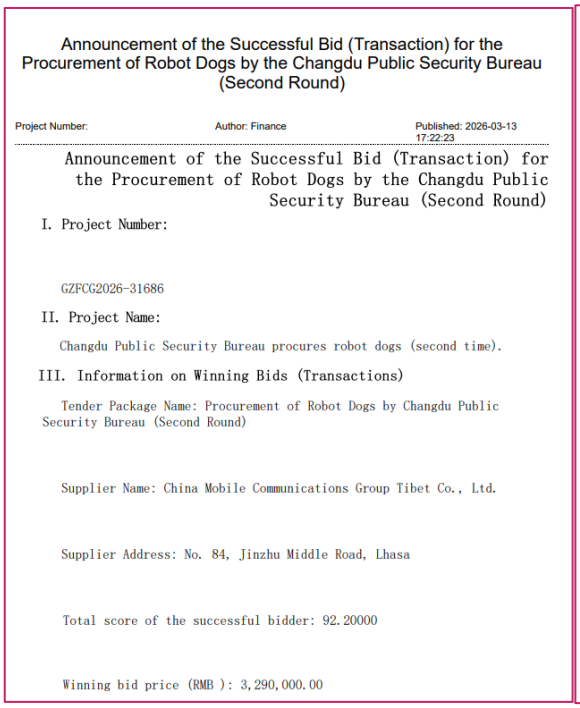
Name : Honghe Construction Group Co., Ltd.

Address : Room 1202, Building 12, Geba Residential Area, Shannan City

Contact information : 0893-7907120

Appendix 7

Changdu City Public Security Bureau Procurement of Robotic Dogs (Second Round) – Winning (Transaction) Results Announcement



Announcement of the Successful Bid (Transaction) for the Procurement of Robot Dogs by the Changdu Public Security Bureau (Second Round)

Project Number: Author: Finance Published: 2026-03-13 17:22:23

Announcement of the Successful Bid (Transaction) for the Procurement of Robot Dogs by the Changdu Public Security Bureau (Second Round)

I. Project Number:

GZFCG2026-31686

II. Project Name:

Changdu Public Security Bureau procures robot dogs (second time).

III. Information on Winning Bids (Transactions)

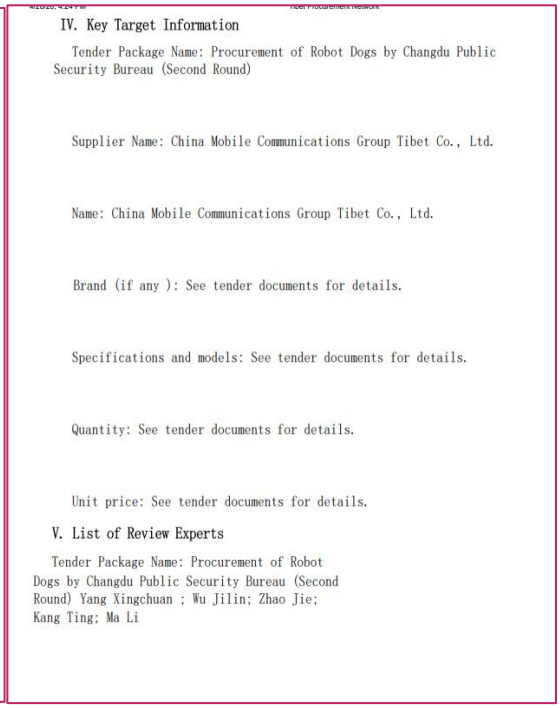
Tender Package Name: Procurement of Robot Dogs by Changdu Public Security Bureau (Second Round)

Supplier Name: China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.

Supplier Address: No. 84, Jinzhu Middle Road, Lhasa

Total score of the successful bidder: 92.20000

Winning bid price (RMB): 3,290,000.00



IV. Key Target Information

Tender Package Name: Procurement of Robot Dogs by Changdu Public Security Bureau (Second Round)

Supplier Name: China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.

Name: China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.

Brand (if any): See tender documents for details.

Specifications and models: See tender documents for details.

Quantity: See tender documents for details.

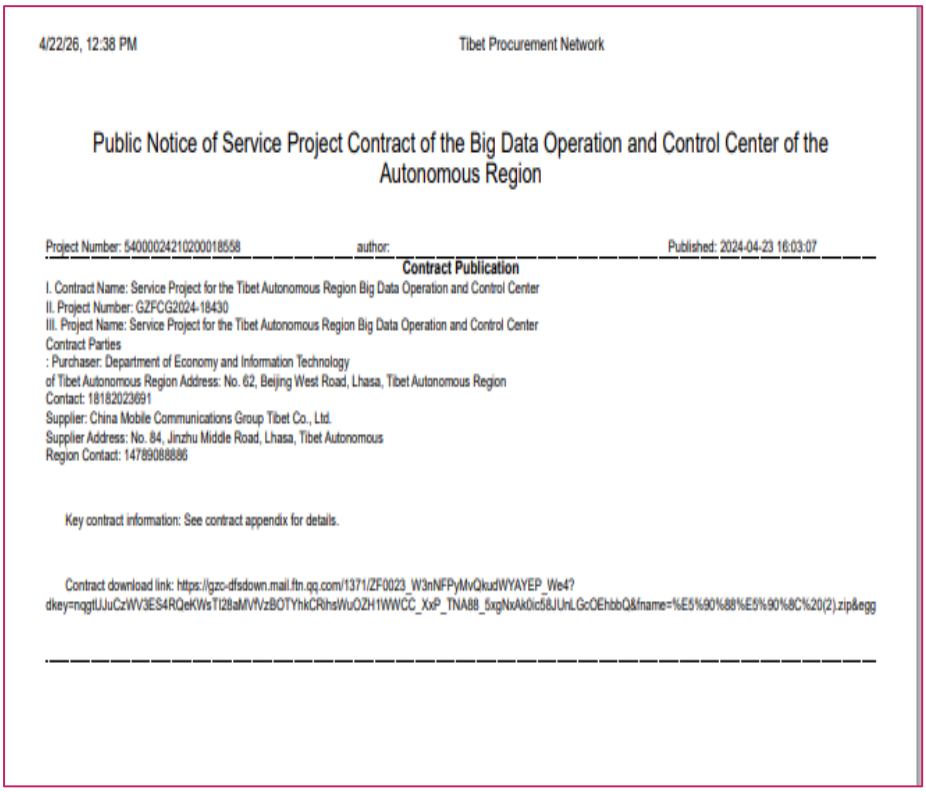
Unit price: See tender documents for details.

V. List of Review Experts

Tender Package Name: Procurement of Robot Dogs by Changdu Public Security Bureau (Second Round) Yang Xingchuan ; Wu Jilin; Zhao Jie; Kang Ting; Ma Li

Appendix 8

Public Notice of Service Project Contract of the Big Data Operation and Control Center of the Autonomous Region



4/22/26, 12:38 PM Tibet Procurement Network

Public Notice of Service Project Contract of the Big Data Operation and Control Center of the Autonomous Region

Project Number: 5400002421020001855 8 author: Published: 2024-04-23 16:03:07

Contract Publication

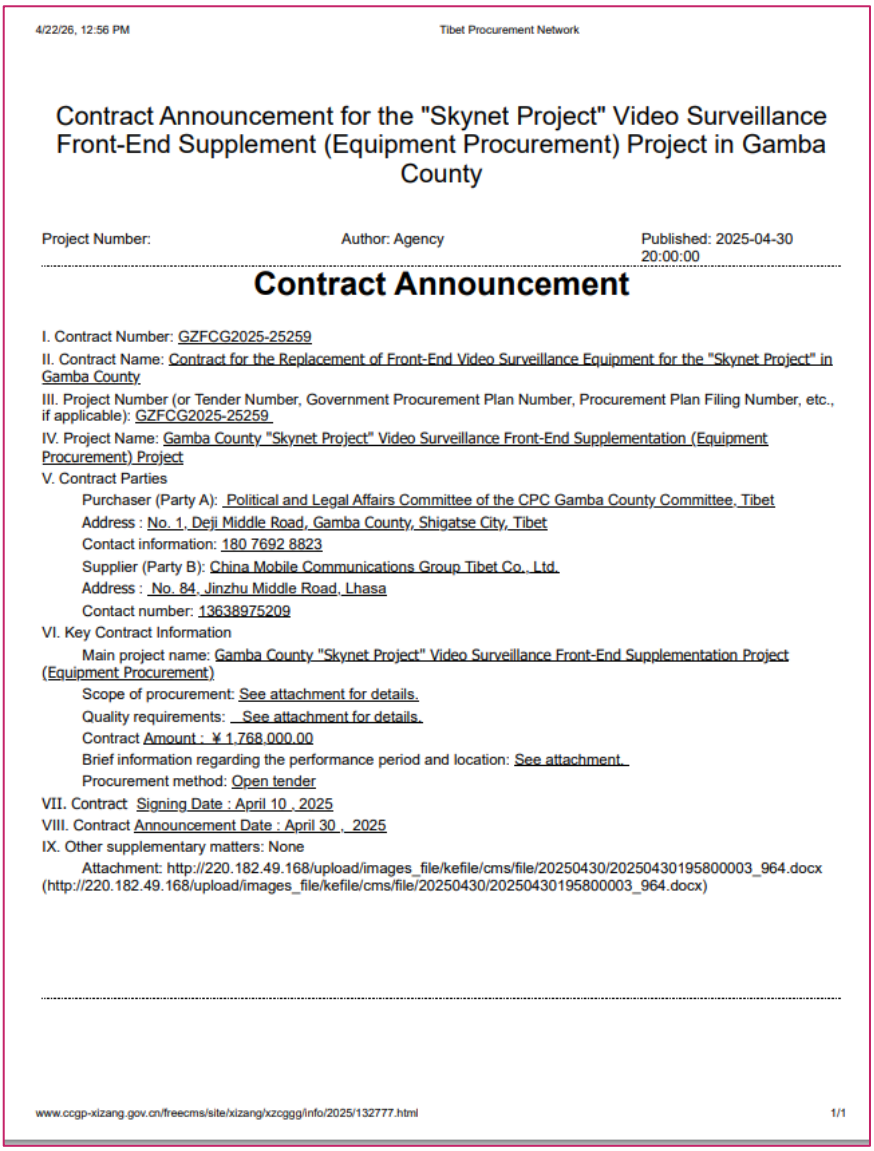
I. Contract Name: Service Project for the Tibet Autonomous Region Big Data Operation and Control Center
II. Project Number: GZFCG2024-18430
III. Project Name: Service Project for the Tibet Autonomous Region Big Data Operation and Control Center
Contract Parties
: Purchaser: Department of Economy and Information Technology
of Tibet Autonomous Region Address: No. 62, Beijing West Road, Lhasa, Tibet Autonomous Region
Contact: 18182023691
Supplier: China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.
Supplier Address: No. 84, Jinzhu Middle Road, Lhasa, Tibet Autonomous
Region Contact: 14789088886

Key contract information: See contract appendix for details.

Contract download link: https://gzc-dfsdown.mail.ftn.qq.com/1371/ZF0023_W3nNFPyMvQkudWYAYEP_We4?dkey=nqgtUJuCzWV3ES4RQeKWsTI28aMVfVzBOTYhkCRhsWuOZH1WWCC_XxP_TNA88_5xgNxAk0ic58JUnLGcOEhbbQ&fname=%E5%90%88%E5%90%8C%20(2).zip&egg

Appendix 9

Contract Announcement for the "Skynet Project" Video Surveillance Front-End Supplement (Equipment Procurement) Project in Gamba County



4/22/26, 12:56 PM Tibet Procurement Network

Contract Announcement for the "Skynet Project" Video Surveillance Front-End Supplement (Equipment Procurement) Project in Gamba County

Project Number: Author: Agency Published: 2025-04-30 20:00:00

Contract Announcement

I. Contract Number: GZFCG2025-25259

II. Contract Name: Contract for the Replacement of Front-End Video Surveillance Equipment for the "Skynet Project" in Gamba County

III. Project Number (or Tender Number, Government Procurement Plan Number, Procurement Plan Filing Number, etc., if applicable): GZFCG2025-25259

IV. Project Name: Gamba County "Skynet Project" Video Surveillance Front-End Supplementation (Equipment Procurement) Project

V. Contract Parties

Purchaser (Party A): Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Gamba County Committee, Tibet

Address : No. 1, Deji Middle Road, Gamba County, Shigatse City, Tibet

Contact information: 180 7692 8823

Supplier (Party B): China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.

Address : No. 84, Jinzhu Middle Road, Lhasa

Contact number: 13638975209

VI. Key Contract Information

Main project name: Gamba County "Skynet Project" Video Surveillance Front-End Supplementation Project (Equipment Procurement)

Scope of procurement: See attachment for details.

Quality requirements: See attachment for details.

Contract Amount : ¥ 1,768,000.00

Brief information regarding the performance period and location: See attachment.

Procurement method: Open tender

VII. Contract Signing Date : April 10 , 2025

VIII. Contract Announcement Date : April 30 , 2025

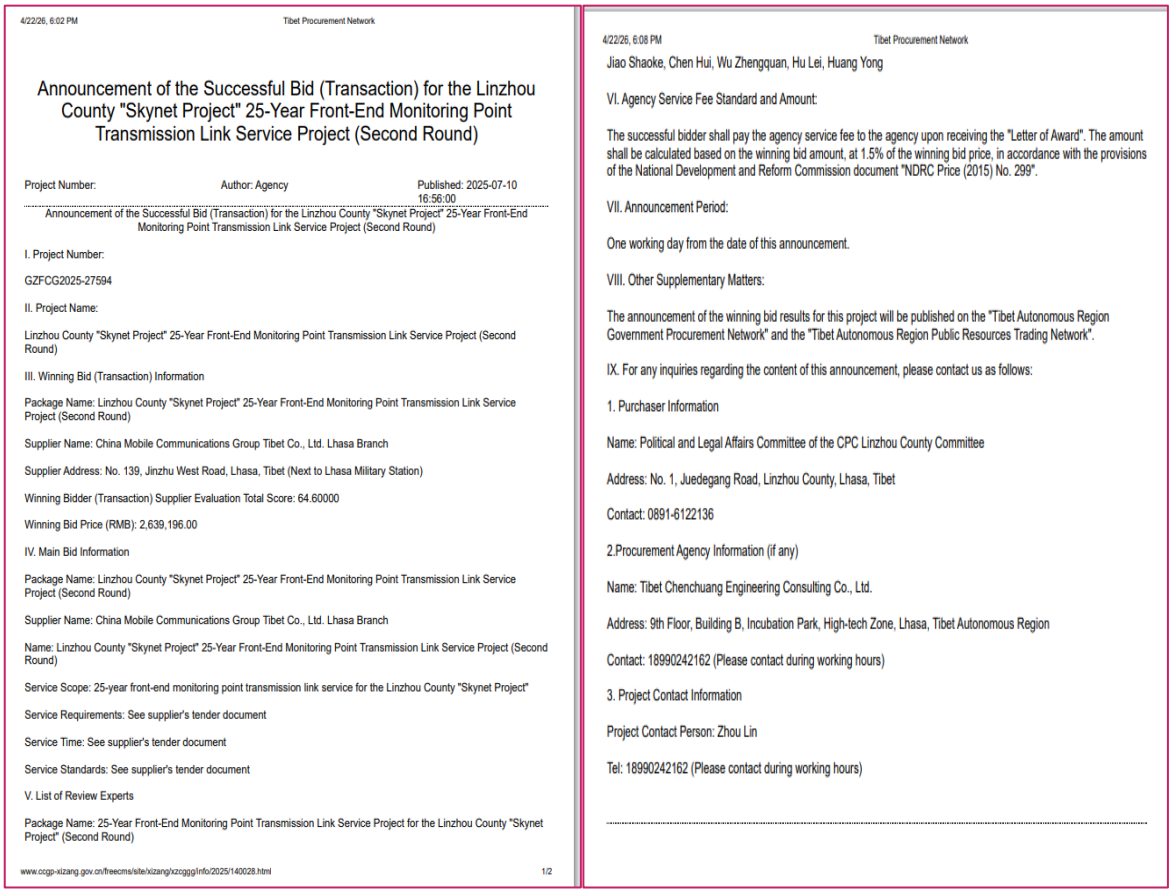
IX. Other supplementary matters: None

Attachment: http://220.182.49.168/upload/images_file/kefile/cms/file/20250430/20250430195800003_964.docx (http://220.182.49.168/upload/images_file/kefile/cms/file/20250430/20250430195800003_964.docx)

www.ccgp-xizang.gov.cn/freecms/site/xizang/xzcggg/info/2025/132777.html 1/1

Appendix 10

Announcement of the Successful Bid (Transaction) for the Linzhou County "Skynet Project" 25-Year Front-End Monitoring Point Transmission Link Service Project (Second Round)



Announcement of the Successful Bid (Transaction) for the Linzhou County "Skynet Project" 25-Year Front-End Monitoring Point Transmission Link Service Project (Second Round)

Project Number: Author: Agency Published: 2025-07-10 16:56:00

Announcement of the Successful Bid (Transaction) for the Linzhou County "Skynet Project" 25-Year Front-End Monitoring Point Transmission Link Service Project (Second Round)

I. Project Number:

GZFCG2025-27594

II. Project Name:

Linzhou County "Skynet Project" 25-Year Front-End Monitoring Point Transmission Link Service Project (Second Round)

III. Winning Bid (Transaction) Information

Package Name: Linzhou County "Skynet Project" 25-Year Front-End Monitoring Point Transmission Link Service Project (Second Round)

Supplier Name: China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd. Lhasa Branch

Supplier Address: No. 139, Jinzhu West Road, Lhasa, Tibet (Next to Lhasa Military Station)

Winning Bidder (Transaction) Supplier Evaluation Total Score: 64.60000

Winning Bid Price (RMB): 2,639,196.00

IV. Main Bid Information

Package Name: Linzhou County "Skynet Project" 25-Year Front-End Monitoring Point Transmission Link Service Project (Second Round)

Supplier Name: China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd. Lhasa Branch

Name: Linzhou County "Skynet Project" 25-Year Front-End Monitoring Point Transmission Link Service Project (Second Round)

Service Scope: 25-year front-end monitoring point transmission link service for the Linzhou County "Skynet Project"

Service Requirements: See supplier's tender document

Service Time: See supplier's tender document

Service Standards: See supplier's tender document

V. List of Review Experts

Package Name: 25-Year Front-End Monitoring Point Transmission Link Service Project for the Linzhou County "Skynet Project" (Second Round)

Jiao Shaoke, Chen Hui, Wu Zhengquan, Hu Lei, Huang Yong

VI. Agency Service Fee Standard and Amount:

The successful bidder shall pay the agency service fee to the agency upon receiving the "Letter of Award". The amount shall be calculated based on the winning bid amount, at 1.5% of the winning bid price, in accordance with the provisions of the National Development and Reform Commission document "NDRC Price (2015) No. 299".

VII. Announcement Period:

One working day from the date of this announcement.

VIII. Other Supplementary Matters:

The announcement of the winning bid results for this project will be published on the "Tibet Autonomous Region Government Procurement Network" and the "Tibet Autonomous Region Public Resources Trading Network".

IX. For any inquiries regarding the content of this announcement, please contact us as follows:

1. Purchaser Information

Name: Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Linzhou County Committee

Address: No. 1, Juedegang Road, Linzhou County, Lhasa, Tibet

Contact: 0891-6122136

2.Procurement Agency Information (if any)

Name: Tibet Chenchuang Engineering Consulting Co., Ltd.

Address: 9th Floor, Building B, Incubation Park, High-tech Zone, Lhasa, Tibet Autonomous Region

Contact: 18990242162 (Please contact during working hours)

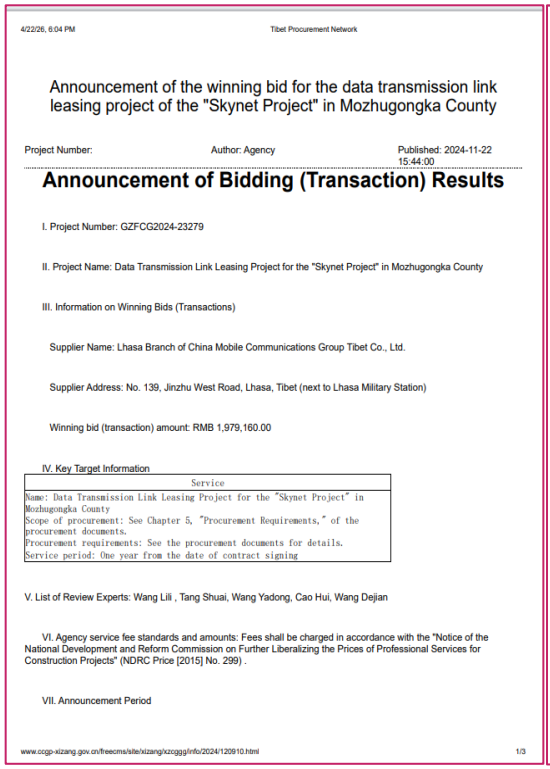
3. Project Contact Information

Project Contact Person: Zhou Lin

Tel: 18990242162 (Please contact during working hours)

Appendix 11

Announcement of the winning bid for the data transmission link leasing project of the "Skynet Project" in Mozhugongka County



4/22/26, 6:04 PM Tibet Procurement Network

Announcement of the winning bid for the data transmission link leasing project of the "Skynet Project" in Mozhugongka County

Project Number: Author: Agency Published: 2024-11-22 15:44:00

Announcement of Bidding (Transaction) Results

I. Project Number: GZFCG2024-23279

II. Project Name: Data Transmission Link Leasing Project for the "Skynet Project" in Mozhugongka County

III. Information on Winning Bids (Transactions)

Supplier Name: Lhasa Branch of China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.

Supplier Address: No. 139, Jinzhu West Road, Lhasa, Tibet (next to Lhasa Military Station)

Winning bid (transaction) amount: RMB 1,979,160.00

IV. Key Target Information

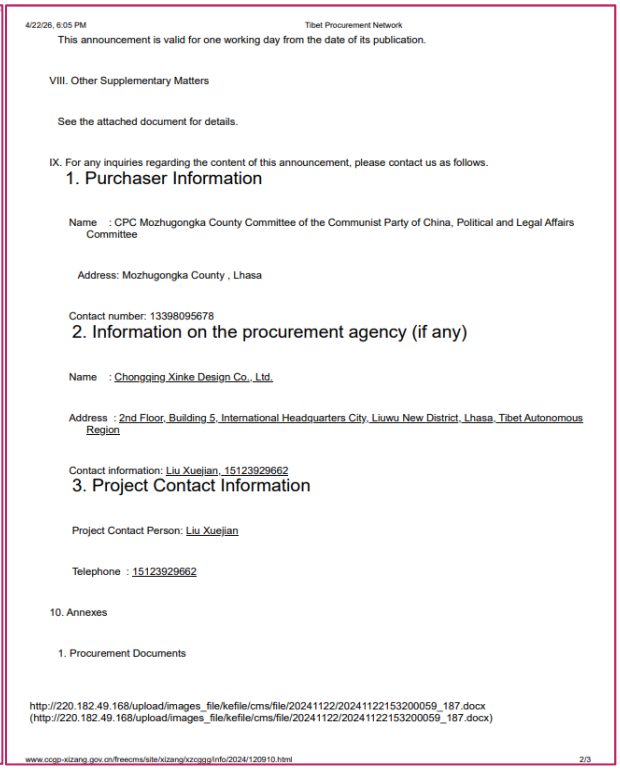
Service
Name: Data Transmission Link Leasing Project for the "Skynet Project" in Mozhugongka County Scope of procurement: See Chapter 5, "Procurement Requirements," of the procurement documents. Procurement requirements: See the procurement documents for details. Service period: One year from the date of contract signing

V. List of Review Experts: Wang Lili , Tang Shuai, Wang Yadong, Cao Hui, Wang Dejian

VI. Agency service fee standards and amounts: Fees shall be charged in accordance with the "Notice of the National Development and Reform Commission on Further Liberalizing the Prices of Professional Services for Construction Projects" (NDRC Price [2015] No. 299) .

VII. Announcement Period

www.ccgp-xizang.gov.cn/freecms/site/xizang/xzcggg/info/2024/120910.html 1/3



4/22/26, 6:05 PM Tibet Procurement Network

This announcement is valid for one working day from the date of its publication.

VIII. Other Supplementary Matters

See the attached document for details.

IX. For any inquiries regarding the content of this announcement, please contact us as follows.

1. Purchaser Information

Name : CPC Mozhugongka County Committee of the Communist Party of China, Political and Legal Affairs Committee

Address: Mozhugongka County , Lhasa

Contact number: 13398095678

2. Information on the procurement agency (if any)

Name : Chongqing Xinke Design Co., Ltd.

Address : 2nd Floor, Building 5, International Headquarters City, Liuwu New District, Lhasa, Tibet Autonomous Region

Contact information: Liu Xuejian, 15123929662

3. Project Contact Information

Project Contact Person: Liu Xuejian

Telephone : 15123929662

10. Annexes

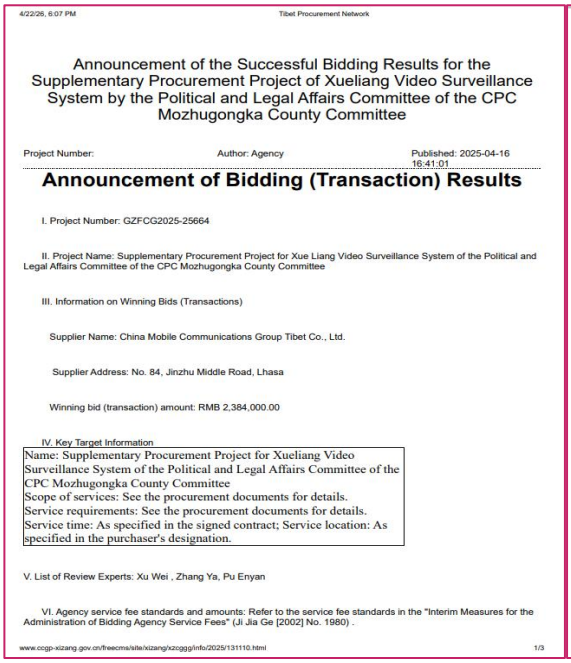
1. Procurement Documents

http://220.182.49.168/upload/images_file/kefile/cms/file/20241122/20241122153200059_187.docx (http://220.182.49.168/upload/images_file/kefile/cms/file/20241122/20241122153200059_187.docx)

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Appendix 12

Announcement of the Successful Bidding Results for the Supplementary Procurement Project of Xueliang Video Surveillance System by the Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Mozhugongka County Committee



4/22/26, 6:07 PM Tibet Procurement Network

Announcement of the Successful Bidding Results for the Supplementary Procurement Project of Xueliang Video Surveillance System by the Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Mozhugongka County Committee

Project Number: Author: Agency Published: 2025-04-16 16:41:01

Announcement of Bidding (Transaction) Results

I. Project Number: GZFCG2025-25664

II. Project Name: Supplementary Procurement Project for Xue Liang Video Surveillance System of the Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Mozhugongka County Committee

III. Information on Winning Bids (Transactions)

Supplier Name: China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.

Supplier Address: No. 84, Jinzhu Middle Road, Lhasa

Winning bid (transaction) amount: RMB 2,384,000.00

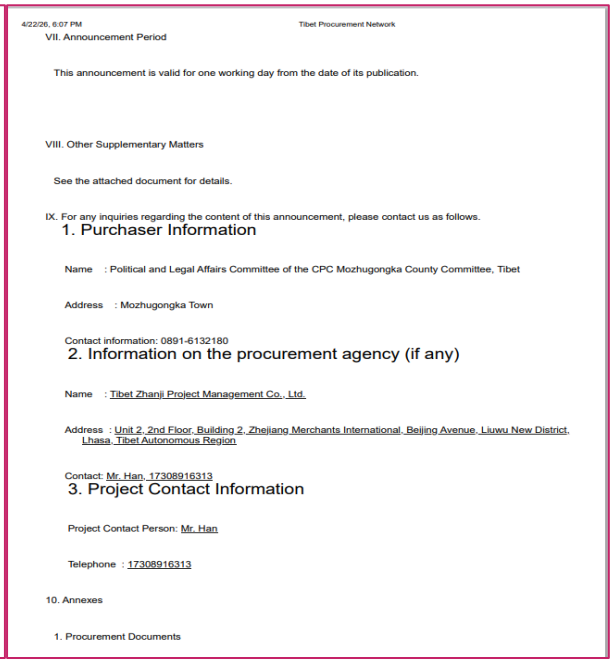
IV. Key Target Information

Name: Supplementary Procurement Project for Xueliang Video Surveillance System of the Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Mozhugongka County Committee Scope of services: See the procurement documents for details. Service requirements: See the procurement documents for details. Service time: As specified in the signed contract; Service location: As specified in the purchaser's designation.

V. List of Review Experts: Xu Wei , Zhang Ya, Pu Enyan

VI. Agency service fee standards and amounts: Refer to the service fee standards in the "Interim Measures for the Administration of Bidding Agency Service Fees" (Ji Jia Ge [2002] No. 1980) .

www.ccgp-xizang.gov.cn/freecms/site/xizang/xzcggg/info/2025/131110.html 1/3



4/22/26, 6:07 PM Tibet Procurement Network

VII. Announcement Period

This announcement is valid for one working day from the date of its publication.

VIII. Other Supplementary Matters

See the attached document for details.

IX. For any inquiries regarding the content of this announcement, please contact us as follows.

1. Purchaser Information

Name : Political and Legal Affairs Committee of the CPC Mozhugongka County Committee, Tibet

Address : Mozhugongka Town

Contact information: 0891-6132180

2. Information on the procurement agency (if any)

Name : Tibet Zhanji Project Management Co., Ltd.

Address : Unit 2, 2nd Floor, Building 2, Zhejiang Merchants International, Beijing Avenue, Liuwu New District, Lhasa, Tibet Autonomous Region

Contact: Mr. Han, 17308916313

3. Project Contact Information

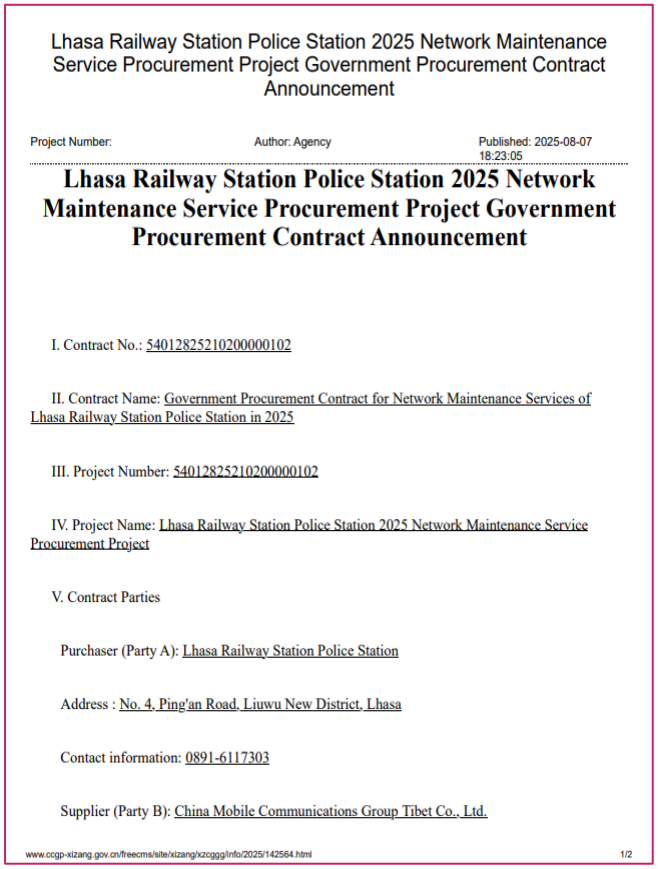
Project Contact Person: Mr. Han

Telephone : 17308916313

10. Annexes

1. Procurement Documents

Appendix 13
Lhasa Railway Station Police Station 2025 Network Maintenance Service Procurement Project Government Procurement Contract Announcement



Lhasa Railway Station Police Station 2025 Network Maintenance Service Procurement Project Government Procurement Contract Announcement

Project Number: Author: Agency Published: 2025-08-07 18:23:05

Lhasa Railway Station Police Station 2025 Network Maintenance Service Procurement Project Government Procurement Contract Announcement

I. Contract No.: 54012825210200000102

II. Contract Name: Government Procurement Contract for Network Maintenance Services of Lhasa Railway Station Police Station in 2025

III. Project Number: 54012825210200000102

IV. Project Name: Lhasa Railway Station Police Station 2025 Network Maintenance Service Procurement Project

V. Contract Parties

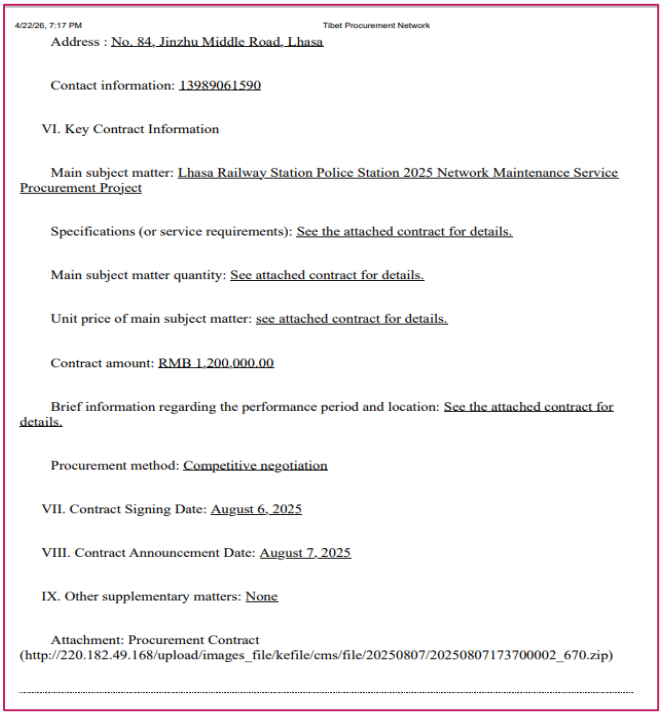
Purchaser (Party A): Lhasa Railway Station Police Station

Address : No. 4, Ping'an Road, Liuwu New District, Lhasa

Contact information: 0891-6117303

Supplier (Party B): China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.

www.ccgp-xizang.gov.cn/freecms/site/xizang/xzcggg/info/2025/142564.html 1/2



4/22/26, 7:17 PM Tibet Procurement Network

Address : No. 84, Jinzhu Middle Road, Lhasa

Contact information: 13989061590

VI. Key Contract Information

Main subject matter: Lhasa Railway Station Police Station 2025 Network Maintenance Service Procurement Project

Specifications (or service requirements): See the attached contract for details.

Main subject matter quantity: See attached contract for details.

Unit price of main subject matter: see attached contract for details.

Contract amount: RMB 1,200,000.00

Brief information regarding the performance period and location: See the attached contract for details.

Procurement method: Competitive negotiation

VII. Contract Signing Date: August 6, 2025

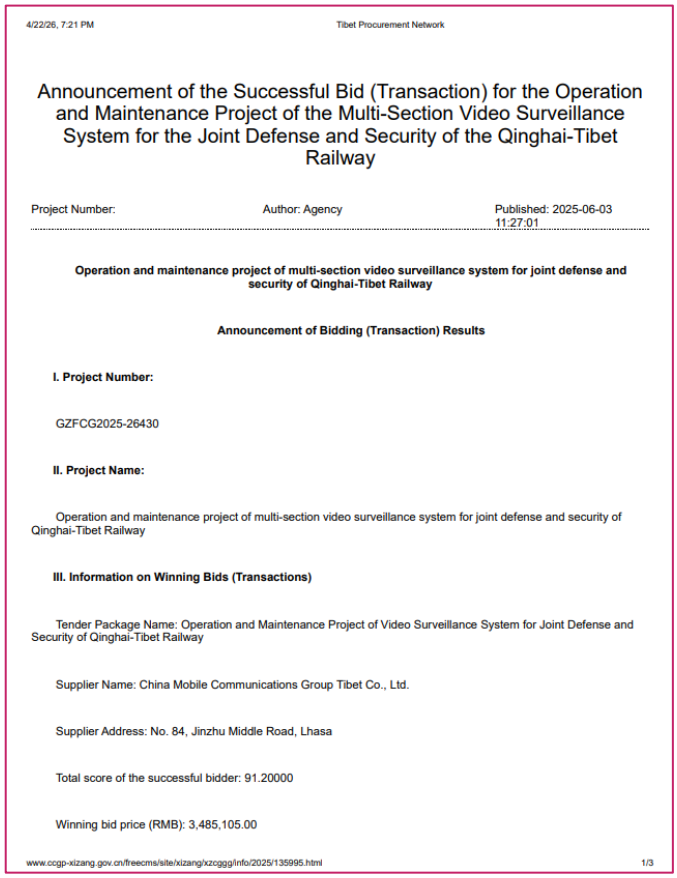
VIII. Contract Announcement Date: August 7, 2025

IX. Other supplementary matters: None

Attachment: Procurement Contract (http://220.182.49.168/upload/images_file/kefile/cms/file/20250807/20250807173700002_670.zip)

Appendix 14

Announcement of the Successful Bid (Transaction) for the Operation and Maintenance Project of the Multi-Section Video Surveillance System for the Joint Defense and Security of the Qinghai-Tibet Railway



Announcement of the Successful Bid (Transaction) for the Operation and Maintenance Project of the Multi-Section Video Surveillance System for the Joint Defense and Security of the Qinghai-Tibet Railway

Project Number: Author: Agency Published: 2025-06-03 11:27:01

Operation and maintenance project of multi-section video surveillance system for joint defense and security of Qinghai-Tibet Railway

Announcement of Bidding (Transaction) Results

I. Project Number:

GZFCG2025-26430

II. Project Name:

Operation and maintenance project of multi-section video surveillance system for joint defense and security of Qinghai-Tibet Railway

III. Information on Winning Bids (Transactions)

Tender Package Name: Operation and Maintenance Project of Video Surveillance System for Joint Defense and Security of Qinghai-Tibet Railway

Supplier Name: China Mobile Communications Group Tibet Co., Ltd.

Supplier Address: No. 84, Jinzhu Middle Road, Lhasa

Total score of the successful bidder: 91.20000

Winning bid price (RMB): 3,485,105.00

Guo Songtao , Zhu Zhanhui, Li Yongbo, Xu Sibin, Li Ting

VI. Agency Service Fee Standards and Amounts:

The fee will be calculated according to the standards outlined in the National Development and Reform Commission's document [2015] No. 299 and the price calculation standard in the document [2002] No. 1980. The successful bidder shall make the payment.

VII. Announcement Period

This announcement is valid for one working day from the date of its publication .

VIII. Other Supplementary Matters

1. The winning bid amount for this project is the sum of the unit prices quoted for all services.

2. The results of this project will be announced on the Tibet Autonomous Region Public Resources Trading Network and the Tibet Autonomous Region Government Procurement Network.

IX. For any inquiries regarding the content of this announcement, please contact us as follows.

1. Purchaser Information

Name : Railway Protection Joint Defense Office of the Political and Legal Affairs Commission of the CPC Tibet Autonomous Region Committee

Address : No. 1 Tongzhan Road, Liuwu New District (opposite the entrance to the railway station)

Contact information : Dorje Tsering 0891-6381778

2. Information on the procurement agency (if any)

Name : Tibet Guowei Engineering Cost Consulting Co., Ltd.

Address : Shops 3-34, 35, 36, and 37, 3rd Floor, Building 1, Xueyu Tianjie (Shangri-La 1-1 Road, Liuwu New District, Lhasa)

Appendix 15

Aba County Public Security Bureau Skynet Phase 1 to 4 Operation and Maintenance Service



合同编号：SCABA2600311CGN00

阿坝县公安局天网一至四期运维服务

采购项目合同

政府采购合同编号：N5132312025000180

履约地点：阿坝县
签订地点：阿坝县
签订时间：2026年2月23日
甲方（甲方）：阿坝县公安局
甲方地址：阿坝县德吉路15号
供应商(乙方)：中国电信股份有限公司阿坝分公司
供应商地址：马尔康团结街

依据《中华人民共和国民法典》《中华人民共和国政府采购法》与项目行业有关的法律法规，以及阿坝县公安局天网一至四期运维服务采购项目的《采购文件》，乙方的《投标（响应）文件》及《中标（成交）通知书》，甲乙双方同意签订本合同。具体情况及要求如下：

一、标的信息

序号	标的名称	数量	单位	单价（元）	总价（元）	服务期限	备注
1	阿坝县公安局天网一至四期运维服务采购项目-汇聚链路运维服务：须保证传输链路稳定、畅通，包含链路传	2	条	37800	75600	36个月	须确保骨干链路畅通，链路确保一主一备

7	阿坝县公安局天网一至四期运维服务采购项目-AR 全景网络摄像机	20	个	22000	440000	36个月	更换原有设备，更换后产权归甲方所有。品牌：浙江大华，型号：DH-PSDW81649M-A180-D440-HM-AR
8	阿坝县公安局天网一至四期运维服务采购项目-办公电脑维护	1	项	40000	40000	36个月	保障县公安局日常办公电脑的维护，约 200 台办公电脑，目前均能正常使用。
9	阿坝县公安局天网一至四期运维服务采购项目-会议保障	1	项	22000	22000	36个月	指派 1 名专人保障县公安局日常会议系统运行畅通。
10	阿坝县公安局天网一至四期运维服务采购项目-备品备件：乙方应根据实际需求提供必要的备品备件	1	项	83000	83000	36个月	400 万结构化网络球机 5 台：品牌：浙江大华，型号：DH-SD-8A1440-HNF-GA-A1D3E；双 400 万人脸抓拍摄像机 5 台：品牌：浙江大华，型号：DH-IPC-MFW8449XS-ZHL-4E2

注意：上述相关参数见附件 1

合同总价为人民币：9887957.6 元；大写：玖佰捌拾捌万柒仟玖佰伍拾柒元陆角整

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